1	ROB BONTA Attorney General of California										
2	Attorney General of California JULIE A. MALONE Supervising Deputy Attorney General										
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5	Los Angeles, CA 90013 Telephone: (213) 269-6011										
6 7	Fax: (916) 731-2147 E-mail: Jennifer.Cano@doj.ca.gov Attorneys for Respondent										
8											
9	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA										
10	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES										
11											
12		1									
13	In re	Case No. BH013600									
14	RENE ENRIQUEZ,	RETURN TO ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE;									
15	Petitioner,	MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES									
16	On Habeas Corpus.										
17 18		Dept: 100 Judge: The Honorable William C. Ryan Action Filed: 4/27/2021									
19	Respondent submits this return to the order to show cause on Rene Enriquez's petition for										
20	writ of habeas corpus. Enriquez claims Governor Gavin Newsom's September 18, 2020 parole										
21	decision violates his due process rights. The petition should be denied because the Governor										
22	issued a decision supported by some evidence probative of Enriquez's current dangerousness.										
23	Respondent admits, denies and alleges as follows:										
24	1. Enriquez is lawfully in the custody of the California Department of Corrections and										
25	Rehabilitation pursuant to a valid judgment from	the Los Angeles County Superior Court for two									
26	convictions of second degree murder and one conviction of assault with a deadly weapon. (Ex. 1										
27	- Abstract of Judgment.) Enriquez was sentenced to three concurrent life sentences and is										
28	currently incarcerated at Ironwood State Prison i	n Blythe, California. (<i>Ibid.</i> ; Petn. at p. 6.)									

- 2. On May 6, 2020, Enriquez appeared before the Board of Parole Hearings (Board) and was found suitable for parole. (Ex. 2 2020 Parole Consideration Hearing Transcript.) The Governor reversed the Board's decision on September 18, 2020. (Ex. 3 Governor's 2020 Parole Decision Letter.)
- 3. Respondent denies the Governor's decision violates due process. Respondent further denies that no evidence supports the Governor's decision, that the decision is arbitrary or capricious, or that Enriquez's extensive criminal history is not predictive of his current dangerousness. Finally, respondent denies that "the Governor improperly resorted to base speculation" in reaching his decision or that "the Governor relied on a host of risk factors that were taken out of context from the Comprehensive Risk Assessment and that were based on immutable and historical—not current—events that are not relevant to determination of Petitioner's current dangerousness." (Petn. at p. 22.)
- 4. Respondent alleges that the Governor complied with due process by considering all relevant parole factors and issuing a decision supported by some evidence that Enriquez's release would pose an unreasonable risk to public safety. (See *In re Shaputis* (2011) 53 Cal.4th 192, 199, (*Shaputis II*); *In re Lawrence* (2008) 44 Cal.4th 1181, 1212; *In re Shaputis* (2008) 44 Cal.4th 1241, 1258-1260 (*Shaputis I*).) Respondent further alleges that Enriquez's current risk factors establish a "rational nexus" between his "extensive history of violent and manipulative behavior" and the threat he currently poses to public safety. (*Shaputis II*, at p. 218.)
- 5. Respondent asserts the some-evidence standard is highly deferential and satisfied by "any relevant evidence" supporting the conclusion that Enriquez poses a current danger to public safety. (*Shaputis II*, *supra*, 53 Cal.4th at p. 221; *In re Stevenson* (2013) 213 Cal.App.4th 841, 867.) Respondent further asserts the Court reviews the record in a light most favorable to the Governor's factual findings. (*Shaputis II*, at p. 214.)
- 6. Respondent denies that the positive factors in Enriquez's record form a basis to vacate the Governor's decision. It is for the Governor to weigh the positive factors in the record against the negative factors—"it is not for the reviewing court to decide which evidence in the record is convincing." (See *Shaputis II*, *supra*, 53 Cal.4th at pp. 199, 214.)

- 7. Respondent asserts that, if the Court finds the Governor's decision violates due process in that it is not supported by some evidence, the appropriate remedy is an order that "vacates the Governor's reversal, reinstates the Board's grant of parole, and directs the Board to conduct its usual proceedings for a release on parole." (*In re Lira* (2014) 58 Cal.4th 573, 582.) Respondent denies any other remedy would be appropriate.
- 8. Except as expressly admitted herein, respondent denies each allegation of the petition and specifically denies the Governor's decision was in any way improper or that Enriquez's rights were violated in any way by the denial of parole. Respondent also denies that Enriquez is entitled to the relief requested or to any relief whatsoever.
- 9. This return is based upon the allegations made in the pleading portion of the return, the supporting memorandum of points and authorities, and the attached exhibits, all of which are incorporated as though fully set forth herein.

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES INTRODUCTION

The Governor's decision finding Enriquez unsuitable for parole is supported by some evidence and thus comports with due process. His decision highlighted Enriquez's "extensive history of violent and manipulative behavior" and current risk factors providing the modicum of evidence necessary to withstand judicial scrutiny of the parole decision. The Governor's careful consideration of these factors, along with his weighing of any mitigating factors in favor of Enriquez's release, reflects a thorough review of the record which more than comports with the some-evidence standard. The petition should be denied accordingly.

ARGUMENT

I. SOME EVIDENCE SUPPORTS THE GOVERNOR'S CONCLUSION THAT ENRIQUEZ REMAINS CURRENTLY DANGEROUS AND THEREFORE UNSUITABLE FOR PAROLE.

Enriquez argues that the Governor's decision violates his due process rights. (See generally Petn.) Due process simply requires the Governor support his decision denying parole with some evidence that the prisoner poses a current risk to public safety. (*Shaputis II, supra*, 53 Cal.4th at pp. 212, 214-215; *In re Lawrence, supra*, 44 Cal.4th at p. 1212; *Shaputis I, supra*, 44 Cal.4th at

pp. 1258-1260.) The Governor may be more cautious than the Board when determining if an inmate is suitable for parole. (*Id.* at p. 1258.) The some-evidence standard is minimally stringent and meant to guard against decisions based on "mere guesswork." (*Shaputis II*, at p. 219; *In re Davidson* (2012) 207 Cal.App.4th 1215, 1219; *In re Mims* (2012) 203 Cal.App.4th 478, 486.)

The Court's review for some evidence is extremely deferential to the Governor's determination about releasing an inmate to parole—"[it] is limited, and narrower in scope than appellate review of a lower court's judgment." (*Shaputis II*, *supra*, 53 Cal.4th at p. 215; see *In re Davidson*, *supra*, 207 Cal.App.4th at p. 1219.) In fact, "[o]nly when the evidence reflecting the inmate's present risk to public safety leads to but one conclusion may a court overturn a contrary decision by the Board or the Governor." (*Shaputis II*, at p. 211.) Thus, properly applying the some -evidence standard requires that a court review the entire record in a light most favorable to the Governor's decision. (*Id.* at pp. 212, 214-219.) Under this very deferential standard, the Governor's decision must be upheld. (*Id.* at p. 214; *In re Lawrence*, *supra*, 44 Cal.4th at p. 1214.)

The Governor first considered Enriquez's history of criminal activities, which includes "several armed robberies, gang rape and sodomy of a young woman, sexual assault against another inmate, and multiple murders and assaults." (Ex. 3 at pp. 1-2.) Enriquez joined the Artesia street gang at the age of 12 or 13. (Ex. 2 at p. 14.) In 1985, while serving a prior term for robbery, Enriquez became a member of the Mexican Mafia. (Ex. 3 at p. 1.) Upon his release from prison, Enriquez carried out the commitment offenses by ordering Cynthia Galvadon's murder, killing David Gallegos, and stabbing another inmate in the county jail 26 times. (*Id.* at p. 1; Ex. 2 at pp. 22-33.) Once he returned to prison, Enriquez rose in the ranks of the gang. As the Governor noted, "[a]s a high-ranking member of the Mexican Mafia" Enriquez "ordered attacks on other gang members, manufactured and distributed weapons, trafficked drugs, and recruited and trained new members." (Ex. 3 at p. 2.)

Immutable factors, such as the commitment offense, may no longer indicate a current risk of danger to society in light of a lengthy period of incarceration. (*In re Lawrence, supra*, 44 Cal.4th at p. 1211.) Here, Enriquez's "extensive history of violent and manipulative behavior elevates his current risk level" and, in combination with current risk factors, indicates that he

1	remains an unreasonable risk to public safety. (Ex. 3 at p. 2; see Cal. Code Regs., tit. 15, § 2
2	subd. (b) ["[a]ll relevant, reliable information," including "past and present mental state" and
3	"past and present attitude toward the crime"]; In re Lawrence, at pp. 1221, 1228-1229
4	[commitment offense in light of other facts in record may continue to be predictive of current
5	danger many years after offense; combination of circumstances provides evidence of current
6	danger].) Indeed, as the Governor noted, Enriquez's "violent conduct for his personal gain
7	continued until he began assisting law enforcement, which resulted in favorable treatment."
8	3 at p. 2.) And, the psychologist who evaluated Enriquez acknowledged that "because of Mr
9	Enriquez's 'ingrained patterns of antisocial and narcissistic thinking and behavior some of
10	prosocial changes he has made may not have been altruistic." (Ibid.) The psychologist furth
11	determined that Enriquez "tends to present as a 'smooth talker' who is facile with
12	communication. He is bright and has adequate resources to research what he believes is expe
13	of him and address the issues the parole board and the governor have raised in the past." (Ib
14	Besides reasonably questioning the sincerity of Enriquez's prosocial conduct, the Gove
15	was also concerned about "several of Mr. Enriquez's current risk factors for violence." (Ex.
16	p. 2.) Specifically, the psychologist found "significant personality disorder traits, substance
17	abuse issues, extremely negative/violent attitudes, involvement with antisocial individuals, an
18	limited insight into these issues." (<i>Ibid.</i>) Additionally, "the psychologist categorized Mr.
19	Enriquez as representing an above-average risk of sexual offense reconviction." (<i>Ibid.</i>) Fina
20	the psychologist determined that, "despite the mitigating factors of Mr. Enriquez's age and the
21	absence of information that Mr. Enriquez has sexually offended for more than 30 years, this
22	categorization only 'slightly' overstates his current risk level." (<i>Ibid.</i>) In view of these finding
23	and Enriquez's "extensive history of violent and manipulative behavior," it was reasonable for
24	Governor to conclude that Enriquez remains a current threat to public safety and "must do mo
25	to demonstrate that his desistence from misconduct represents an authentic and enduring
26	transformation in thought and conduct, and not merely an attempt to game the system for his

27

28

needs." (Ibid.)

remains an unreasonable risk to public safety. (Ex. 3 at p. 2; see Cal. Code Regs., tit. 15, § 2402,
subd. (b) ["[a]ll relevant, reliable information," including "past and present mental state" and
"past and present attitude toward the crime"]; In re Lawrence, at pp. 1221, 1228-1229
[commitment offense in light of other facts in record may continue to be predictive of current
danger many years after offense; combination of circumstances provides evidence of current
danger].) Indeed, as the Governor noted, Enriquez's "violent conduct for his personal gain
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prosocial changes he has made may not have been altruistic." (Ibid.) The psychologist further
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communication. He is bright and has adequate resources to research what he believes is expected
of him and address the issues the parole board and the governor have raised in the past." (Ibid.)
Besides reasonably questioning the sincerity of Enriquez's prosocial conduct, the Governor
was also concerned about "several of Mr. Enriquez's current risk factors for violence." (Ex. 3 at
p. 2.) Specifically, the psychologist found "significant personality disorder traits, substance
abuse issues, extremely negative/violent attitudes, involvement with antisocial individuals, and
limited insight into these issues." (Ibid.) Additionally, "the psychologist categorized Mr.
Enriquez as representing an above-average risk of sexual offense reconviction." (Ibid.) Finally,
the psychologist determined that, "despite the mitigating factors of Mr. Enriquez's age and the
absence of information that Mr. Enriquez has sexually offended for more than 30 years, this
categorization only 'slightly' overstates his current risk level." (Ibid.) In view of these findings
and Enriquez's "extensive history of violent and manipulative behavior," it was reasonable for the
Governor to conclude that Enriquez remains a current threat to public safety and "must do more

1	Enriquez claims that the Governor's decision was based partly on "base speculation" and]						
2	"the Governor relied on a host of risk factors that were taken out of context from the							
3	Comprehensive Risk Assessment and that were based on immutable and historical—not current—							
4	events that are not relevant to determination of Petitioner's current dangerousness." (Petn. at p.							
5	22.) Not so. As outlined above, in addition to relying on immutable and historical factors, the							
6	Governor relied on current risk factors in finding Enriquez unsuitable for parole. Moreover,]						
7	viewing the evidence in a light most favorable to the Governor's determination upon review of							
8	the entire record, it was not arbitrary for the Governor to express concerns about the sincerity of							
9	Enriquez's prosocial conduct or to conclude that Enriquez remains a current threat to public							
10	safety. Thus, despite Enriquez's positive gains and efforts to improve himself in prison, the							
11	Governor's decision satisfies due process because the Governor identified some evidence							
12	probative of Enriquez's current dangerousness. (See <i>Lawrence</i> , <i>supra</i> , 44 Cal.4th at p. 1214;							
13	Shaputis II, at p. 227-229; Montgomery, at p. 162.) As such, the Governor's findings should be							
14	affirmed because "[t]he 'some evidence' standard does not permit a reviewing court to reject the							
15	[Governor's] reasonable evaluation of the evidence and impose its own judgment." (See Shaputis							
16	II, supra, 53 Cal.4th at p. 199; see also Montgomery, supra, 208 Cal.App.4th at p. 162.)]						
17	CONCLUSION							
18	For the foregoing reasons, this Court should deny the petition for writ of habeas corpus and							
19	discharge the order to show cause.							
20	Dated: July 28, 2021 Respectfully Submitted,]						
21	ROB BONTA							
22	Attorney General of California Julie A. Malone]						
23	Supervising Deputy Attorney General							
24	4.4.4. 15. 0.0]						
25	/s/ Jennifer O. Cano							
26	JENNIFER O. CANO Deputy Attorney General							
27	Attorneys for Respondent							
28	LA2021602111							

Exhibit - 1

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Exhibit - 2

PAROLE SUITABILITY HEARING

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

BOARD OF PAROLE HEARINGS

In the matter of the Parole CDC Number: **H69471** Consideration Hearing of:

RENE OLMOS ENRIQUEZ

IRONWOOD STATE PRISON
BLYTHE, CALIFORNIA
05/06/2020

8:33 AM

PANEL PRESENT:

DAVID LONG, Presiding Commissioner JOHN DENVIR, Deputy Commissioner

OTHERS PRESENT:

RENE ENRIQUEZ, Inmate

LAURA SHEPPARD, Attorney for Inmate

STEVE SOWDERS, Deputy District Attorney

AMANDA RODRIGUEZ, Victim's Cousin

RAYMOND FIGUEROA, Victim's Father

DAVID FIGUEROA, Victim's Cousin

CYNTHIA LUA, Victim's Cousin

ROBERT MONTENEGRO, Victim's Son

UNIDENTIFIED, Correctional Officer

Transcribed by:

Celina Thyra

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PROCEEDINGS

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: We're on the record.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Good morning everybody. Today is May 6, 2020. The time is 08:33 hours. We're conducting this hearing by video conference. Mr. Enriquez, can you see, hear, and see me? Oh, we can't hear you. Apparently, you're on mute on your end.

CORRECTIONAL OFFICER: There we go, there we go, we're—

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: I can hear you and I can see you.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Thank you. And if at
any time that changes, please let us know so we can, we
can, uh, make the adjustments to, to fix it. For the
record, I can hear and see you. Uh, Commissioner Denvir,
can you also see and hear Mr. Enriquez?

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Very good. So, this is a subsequent number five parole suitability hearing for Rene Enriquez, excuse me, H69471 who is present in the BPH hearing room at Ironwood State Prison in Blythe, California. This hearing is being audio recorded so for the purpose of voice identification, I will identify each participant and when I do, each person is asked to state their full name and spell their last name. I'll go first. My name is David Long, Presiding Commissioner

1 participating by teleconference. Commissioner Denvir. 2 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: John Denvir, D-E-N-V-I-3 R, Deputy Commissioner, Board of Parole Hearings. Also 4 participating by teleconference. PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Mr. Enriquez, could you 5 6 please identify yourself, spell your last name and give us 7 your CDCR number? 8 INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Rene Enriquez, E-N-R-I-Q-U-E-Z. My CDC number is H69471. 9 10 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Thank you. And would Mr. Enriquez's Attorney also please identify yourself. 11 12 ATTORNEY SHEPPARD: Laura Sheppard, S-H-E-P-P-A-R-D. 13 Attorney for Mr. Enriquez. 14 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Thank you. And, uh, would the Deputy DA please identify yourself. 15 16 DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY SOWDERS: Yes, I am Steve Sowders, S-O-W-D-E-R-S. I'm a Deputy District Attorney for 17 18 the County of Los Angeles. PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Thank you. And would 19 20 the victims appearing by video conference, uh, please 21 identify yourselves and spell your last names. 22 VICTIM'S COUSIN RODRIGUEZ: Amanda Rodriguez, R-O-D-R-I-G-U-E-Z. I'm a cousin to the victim. 23 24 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: You know that, I want 25 to ask you to come a little bit closer to, uh, the

```
microphone when you speak. It's, it's difficult to hear
 1
     you.
 2
          VICTIM'S COUSIN RODRIGUEZ:
 3
                                         Yeah. Do you want me to
     repeat it?
 4
 5
          PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Uh, yes, please. Just,
 6
     just so the transcriber will have a clear recording.
          VICTIM'S COUSIN RODRIGUEZ:
 7
                                         Amanda Marie Rodriguez,
     R-O-D-R-I-G-U-E-Z. I'm a cousin to Cynthia, the victim.
 8
          PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG:
                                         Thank you.
          VICTIM'S FATHER FIGUEROA:
10
                                         Raymond Figueroa, I'm
11
     the father of Cynthia.
          PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: I'm sorry. I wasn't
12
     able to catch the name. Could you state that one more time
13
14
     and spell your last name?
15
          VICTIM'S FATHER FIGUEROA:
                                        Ray Figueroa, F-I-G-U-
     E-R-O-A.
16
          PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG:
17
                                         Thank you.
          VICTIM'S COUSIN FIGUEROA:
18
                                         And I'm David Figueroa,
19
     F-I-G-U-E-R-O-A.
20
          PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: And your relationship
21
     to the victim, sir.
22
          VICTIM'S COUSIN FIGUEROA:
                                         Oh, I'm sorry. I'm the
23
     cousin too, also.
          PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Thank you. Is there
24
25
     just the three of you there on that end?
```

VICTIM'S COUSIN FIGUEROA: There's four of us 1 including myself. 2 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: 3 Okay. VICTIM'S COUSIN FIGUEROA: The dad of Cynthia and 4 three cousins. 5 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Okay. I'm sorry. I 7 caught for the record. Amanda Rodriguez and, uh, Mr. 8 Figueroa, the father, David Figueroa. I think we're 9 missing one. VICTIM'S COUSIN LUA: Cynthia Lua, L-U-A. Um, I'm 10 11 the cousin of victim Cynthia. PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Perfect. And that's 12 13 everybody in the room there? 14 VICTIM'S COUSIN LUA: Right. 15 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Okay. Thank you everyone. Mr. Enriquez, were you able to hear all the 16 17 participants that identified themselves? INMATE ENRIQUEZ: 18 I was, sir. PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Are there any other 19 20 persons present by video or teleconference that did not 21 identify themselves? VICTIM'S COUSIN FIGUEROA: 22 No. 23 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Very good. Uh, also present in the room at ISP are Correctional Officers who 24 25 may be relieved from time to time throughout the hearing.

As I mentioned, this proceeding is being recorded as mandated by Penal Code Section 3042B and it will be transcribed as the official record of this hearing. No other recordings are authorized including a recording available by video conference software. A violation of this provision may result in exclusion from this or future hearings. Commissioner Denvir, let's take a short break to check the quality of the audio. **DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR:** We're off the record.

[RECESS]

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: We are back on the record.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: 08:38, everything's recording appropriately and everybody that was here prior to the short recess, uh, remains on the line. So, Mr. Enriquez, as this hearing is being conducted by video conference, I'm going to notify you of certain rights that you have and ensure that you want to continue with the hearing today. First, you have a right to be present at the hearing and meet with the Board of Parole Hearing panel. Do you accept that this video conference satisfies that right?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yes sir, I do.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Thank you. And you also have the right to be represented by an Attorney at your parole consider, consideration hearing. Do you accept that your Attorney's appearance by video conference and your ability to have privileged communications with her by telephone satisfy that right?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yes, I do.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Very good. So, I know you've been through this a few times before, Mr. Enriquez. Just a reminder, we're not here to reconsider the findings of the trial and appellate courts or to retry your case here today. We accept the findings in the previous courts

as true. Instead, our purpose is to consider whether you're suitable for parole. And in doing so, we will consider many factors including your prior criminal history and the life crimes, uh, your behavior and programming since you've been in prison, your plans if released as well as your testimony to us here today. It's our expectation that all parties to this hearing will treat one another with dignity and respect. Mr. Enriquez, I strongly encourage you to be completely honest with us today. Please raise your right hand. Do you solemnly swear or affirm that the testimony you give at this hearing will be the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: I do.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Thank you. So, Mr. Enriquez, uh, just, uh, looking at the record, it appears you are about 27 years old at the time of the crime and you're now 57 years old and have, uh, been in prison about 30 years. Is that right?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yes, sir.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Very good. And we did review the DECS database in your case and the 1073 dated March 25th, 2020 noted you have a 9.9 grade point level, is that accurate?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yes.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: And according to the

1 1073, you require eyeglasses, which I see you're wearing. INMATE ENRIQUEZ: 2 Yes. PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Can you, uh, read with 3 those? 4 INMATE ENRIQUEZ: I can. I can read and I can see 5 with them. 6 7 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Excellent. And, uh, it 8 also says that you require hearing aids, do you have your 9 hearing aids today? 10 INMATE ENRIQUEZ: I forgot them when it came out of the house, but I only used them for ambient noise when 11 there's a lot of ambient noise and distorts the quality of 12 hearing. But I could hear you perfectly fine. 13 14 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Okay, very good. And I 15 saw that you walked in under your own power. Do you have 16 any difficulty sitting for long periods of time? 17 INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Uh, no. Not, not, uh, not, uh, as long as it's not hours and hours, I'll be fine. 18 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Well, if you do need a 19 break, let us know. We can take a recess and that goes for 20 21 everybody on the call here. If anybody needs a break, 22 don't hesitate to ask and we'll, we'll take a recess. It looks like you got your GED back in 1992, correct? 23 24 INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yes.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: And, uh, you're not

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currently part of the mental health services delivery system. Are you taking any medications today that might impact your ability to participate in this hearing?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: No, just my high blood pressure medication and my, uh, my, uh, Flomax, they lower my blood pressure, get me tired, that's all. But it's not going to impede my ability to participate today.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Excellent. So, Counsel, based on your client's responses, I don't see any reason why we can't proceed today. Do you concur?

ATTORNEY SHEPPARD: I do.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Very good. So, before we get started, I wanted to kind of advise everybody at the process. Uh, this is, uh, a sensitive case. And so, um, when we're going to go through the hearing process and when we get to the parole plan section of the hearing, uh, we're going to ask the, uh, Deputy District Attorney and the victim's next of kin to disconnect while we discuss just the parole plans. We won't discuss anything else and then, uh, we'll ask you to reconnect. We'll probably, um, Counselor, is 15 minutes enough time you think for us to cover the, the parole plans roughly?

ATTORNEY SHEPPARD: I think it should be. Yeah.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Okay. And so then we'll ask everybody to reconnect at a particular time. Um,

anybody have any, uh, questions about that? Once we reconnect, we'll do the, uh, clarifying questions.

DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY SOWDERS: Commissioner, this is District Attorney. Did you say you wanted me to disconnect when you're discussing his parole plans?

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Uh, let me go back to what legal sent us. I believe that is what they said. Uh, let me just double-check.

DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY SOWDERS: I mean, I think we're part of it.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Now, maybe if, if you were in the same — let me just double-check. Yes.

According to our, our, uh, uh, senior legal Counsel, they would like the DA and the victims next of kin to disconnect for that portion.

DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY SOWDERS: Well. I will, but I'm, I'm pretty sure we have access to that information because they, we're part of it, but it's not that important to us to, for me to be on, uh, on the line so I will disconnect if you would tell me to.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: I appreciate that.

DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY SOWDERS: All right.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Okay. So, it looks like, Mr. Enriquez, your subsequent number four hearing was held on, uh, December 14th of 2018, uh, and resulted

into granted parole, which was overturned by the Governor. You also had, uh, uh, three previous grants, four grants total that have been overturned. Is that correct? I'm sorry, I can't hear you. Somehow, I think you got muted on your end.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yes, sir. Uh, four, four grants
total.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Perfect. Okay. Thank you. And so, just, uh, uh, so you're aware, we reviewed the Central File and the Comprehensive Risk Assessment and we also did review, uh, your confidential file and we'll advise you if a confidential information is used for this hearing today. So, as I look at your juvenile history, uh, you started off at about 11 years old, pretty, pretty young at getting, uh, getting in trouble, committing crimes, correct?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yes, sir.

presiding commissioner Long: Looks like you had a, uh, an age 11 burglary, uh, taking a vehicle without consent. Could you reach the pedals on the vehicle at 11 years old?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: We struggled, but we reached
them.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Okay. And you had
robbery and even a, a kidnapping as, as a juvenile,

correct?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yes.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: And it looks like you, uh, um, started running with the street gang in Artesia at about age 12, is that right also?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yes, sir.

presiding commissioner Long: Uh, and you started drinking and was started smoking marijuana, 12, drinking alcohol, 13, by six, uh, 13, LSD, PCP, 16, heroin. Um, and so, can you tell us how it is that you at such a young age you got off onto this path and went that direction?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: I think that all of these behavioral issues are a result of my core issues. Uh, um, uh, traumatic childhood that I, that I had, but in no way am I attempting to minimize my responsibility for my actions. I, I believe that the events that occurred in my life shaped and formed my thought process and my belief system, and that's what pushed me down this path towards antisocial behavior and criminality.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: And you described some both physical and emotional abuse from your father, correct?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yes.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Can you tell us a
little bit about that?

1 INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yeah. Uh, my dad used to, uh, to 2 beat us if we did wrong. It started with my brother, Mark. He would really beat my brother, Mark, if something, uh, 3 happened to me. I was accident-prone. I was always getting 4 stitches, getting cut, you know, getting my head cracked 5 open, through playing, just playing as normal kids, but he 6 7 would really brutally beat my brother, Mark. And, uh, and 8 I was too young at the time to be beat. I think I was 9 excluded from the beatings, but when I became of an age, 10 right about six, seven, that's what he started with the ropes. His favorite go to was to grab me behind the neck 11 and, uh, squeeze and say, I'll break your neck, uh, with 12 gritting his teeth, uh, very violently. Another one was, his, uh, pulling the ears till the cartilage popped. Um, the beatings were normal and, and one of the things my sister reminded me that I forgot about, I talked to my sister, Pearl, uh, just a month ago was one of his favorites was, uh, to make us go and get the bamboo switch out of the backyard. He had to pick our bamboo switch. We had a bamboo, uh, bush so he would make us go get a bamboo switch and whip us with it.

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PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: And, um, you also described some abuse, uh, from your brother. Mark, correct?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yes, there was sexual abuse with my brother, Mark.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: And, uh, and, and you also witnessed him abuse your brother, John, sexually, correct?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yeah. Sexual, uh, I'm sorry. I'm
sorry. I'm sorry.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Go. No, go ahead.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Sexual abuse is to fraught in my, in my household. It's just since I start addressing, uh, my sexual abuse and receiving therapy for it, I've reached out to my family members and I've discovered that, um, my sisters, my brother, my niece, uh, my entire, almost of my entire family has been covered in this cloud of, of sexual dysfunction and, and, and sexual deviancy. So, I was raised in this, this, this cloud of, uh, uh, sexual deviancy and, and secrecy.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: And so, how do you think that impacted you?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: I think it, it shaped again, it, uh, the traumatic experiences, uh, shaped my behavior. Uh, and, and, and I'm not, again, I'm not, I'm not minimizing or rationalizing my activity. I think that as a result of being raised in this environment, I became a product of the environment and I went on to, uh, participate in those behaviors in my adult life. I think it just carried on as

a continuum of this because I felt, um, completely powerless and impotent, uh, being a victim of, uh, multiple sexual assaults. Uh, I, I went on to seek out power and control and everything and then I did and I think that manifested in my antisocial personality disorder, my narcissism by seeking power and control in all my activities.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: And, uh, and why were you drawn to, to drugs and alcohol?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: They killed my pain, you know, and just quite simply, uh, I didn't realize it then I thought I was like, oh, it's like this. It feels good but I was readily, really, uh, just self-medicating.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: And then, why did you
feel drawn to the street gang?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Acceptance. It was a, I never really felt that I fit in my own family. And as much as I say I was gravitating towards gangs, I was running from my family, uh, to the life that I had there and, uh, and I was accepted. They accepted my idiosyncrasies and, and, and my flaws and, and, and I was praised there. I received the, uh, the affirmation that I needed so much as a kid, uh, coming up as a, in this, in this household, I, I needed that affirmation, the acceptance, the unconditional love and that's, that's what they gave me.

1 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: So, also, uh, let's 2 see, when you were about 17, you were arrested for, uh, a forcible rape, oral cops, sodomy and kidnapping. Can you 3 tell us about that, what happened on that day? 4 INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yeah. We, we exited a party and 5 6 we, uh, saw one of my, our fellow gang members with a girl 7 in a car and they were engaging in, uh, amorous behavior. And, uh, we decided at that point that we're going to all 8 9 that we're going to take her to a park and engage in group

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Is that something that you had done previously or even after that?

sex and we did, we took her and we raped her.

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INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Never. Oh, after, in prison I participated intercoursing an inmate into a, a sex act.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: But as far as out on
the street, that was a, that was the only time?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Oh, the only time ever.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: And you mentioned this desire for power and control. Are there any other causative factors you think of the, the, the sex offense?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: I think that it was a, the power and control. I think it was for repressed rage. Uh, I think it was, uh, again, uh, uh, replicating the behavior, like I was repeating the behavior that I learned and I, and I think I was identifying with, with the aggressor,

you know, it's, uh, it's, uh, I cherished, uh, my brother, like this traumatic bonding. I, I cherished him. My brother was my hero and he's the same person who tormented me. I didn't see it that way as a child when it was happening. I knew it was wrong. I knew it was dirty, uh, but I still loved him, you know, so I bonded with him, you know, and, uh, and I went on to repeat what he did to me.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: And was Mark, uh, a
member of the street gang also?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: He was, he was a member of Arta
before I was a member of Arta.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: And, and do you, uh, you said you joined for acceptance, but do you think in part, uh, it was because your older brother was a part of the gang?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: I was destined to become a member because he was a member, but I want to make real clear in my past, uh, testimony I didn't want to join initially, not because I wasn't going to become a member because I was scared to get beaten by the initiation. So, I, I think that that path was cut out for me already. I didn't want to be like my dad, you know, I wanted to be cool and charismatic and, and, and, uh, like these gang members that my brother hung out with, I, I admired them, I admired everything they did.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: So, you were 12 years
old when you got jumped in. Is that right?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yes, sir.

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PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: At your request or at
Mark's request?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: No. Um, we're walking. Uh, uh, my brother, Mark, was at his girlfriend's house later who become his wife and the mother of his kids and I'm walking with her brother and another homeboy, Bobby Guerrero, and one of my homeboys, uh, named Sparky, I forgot his real name. That's why I'm referring to him as a homeboy. Um, so, we're walking, uh, down the street and there's a defunct gas station. I forgot was it Mobil or 76 or something, Standard, and they said, we're going to jump you into the gang and I said, no, I don't, I don't want to be in the gang and, uh, they said, no, we're going to jump you in. So, they dragged me behind this gas station. They beat me up and they made me cry and then they brushed me off once I started crying. Uh, they really, they beat me up pretty good and I was crying and they dust me off and they picked me up, homeboys don't cry no more and don't tell your brother we beat you up. So, I was homeboy then, my brother found out a week or so later, and then he just accepted it.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: So, when we get to the,

1 uh, well there was also 15 counts of armed robbery as an 2 adult, correct? 3 INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yes. 4 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Why were you committing all these armed robberies? 5 6 INMATE ENRIQUEZ: To support my drug habit. I was a 7 heroin addict at that time. PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: You started using 8 heroin at 16, pretty young. 9 10 INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yes. 11 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: And, um, so, uh, besides what's in the record, what other crimes did you 12 13 commit out on the street that you didn't get caught for? INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Oh, drugs, robberies, burglaries. 14 15 Uh, there's, there's a number of crimes, uh, drug sales, uh, uh, selling stolen property, you name it, I did it. 16 Um, I, I think that there's a, uh, uh, you said that I was 17 18 arrested for a kidnap in my juvenile years, um, I think 19 that kidnap was part of the sexual assault. PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Yes. Yeah. I realized 20 21 that when I looked back at my notes. Um, so, um, you also 22 violated probation multiple times, correct? 23 INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yes. PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: And so, getting 24 25 arrested, going to jail, getting put on probation or

1 parole, they didn't really slow you down at all?

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INMATE ENRIQUEZ: No, that's, I was just hell bent on, on, on just unleashing my rage and staying high.

That's all. I was killing my pain.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Okay. Sorry. So, uh, can you tell us about, uh, the, uh, incident offenses and start with the, um, Cynthia Galvadan of December 23rd, 1989. What happened there?

Uh, Cynthia Galvadan, well, I INMATE ENRIQUEZ: went to this, we control the drug house in, in, uh, in Boyle Heights, California in the White Gangs gang area. And, uh, one of our objectives was to, uh, one of my objectives was to control that specific gang territory. And, uh, Cynthia was introduced to me as the wife of a Mexican Mafia associate and the brother-in-law of a Mexican Mafia member, David Galvadan. And, uh, she was, uh, she agreed to deal drugs, uh, for us and she would maintain these drugs, collect money. Uh, and then there was a number of occasions where we were coming up short and customers were complaining that, uh, their, their, their bindles were coming up short. Um, so I decided, uh, on my own with no, uh, assistance from anybody else to, to have her killed. And I ordered a Mexican Mafia member, uh, uh, Gilbert Reese and Jaco Padilla to carry out the murder, uh, uh, and which they did. Gilbert Reese took her

and shot her to death in a, in a, uh, empty lot in, uh, 1 Boyle Heights, California. 2 3 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: And you were, uh, you were about 27 years old at this time? 4 5 INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yes, sir. 6 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: How is it that you 7 already had that much authority that you could order 8 people killed at 27 years old? 9 INMATE ENRIQUEZ: I was, uh, I, at, at, uh, 22 10 years old, I joined a prison gang, uh, the Mexican Mafia. 11 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: While you were on the, in prison or on the street? 12 INMATE ENRIQUEZ: 13 In prison. I joined in prison. 14 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: And so, you had the 15 authority to, um, to order this hit, why wouldn't you just 16 do it yourself? 17 INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Um, I could have done it myself. Uh, but it typically, Mexican Mafia members reserve their 18 participation in, in these violent crimes for members and, 19 uh, high priority, uh, what they consider high priority, 20 21 uh, uh, missions. 22 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: It looks like, did 23 somebody just pop in on the call here? Uh, Robert 24 Montenegro? 25 VICTIM'S COUSIN FIGUEROA: That is Cynthia's, uh,

son. Hear me?

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PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: So, let me double check
our listing. I'm not sure.

VICTIM'S COUSIN FIGUEROA: <inaudible> Yes...

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Uh, Mr. Montenegro, can
you hear me? Hello?

VICTIM'S COUSIN FIGUEROA: Can you, uh, text him as he's not?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: It's showing he hasn't joined the Skype call. There's a line through his phone, but...

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: I'm going to remove him and then if he wants to, uh, log in, he's, he's late, so we'll have to, um, we'll have to bring him on and ask him to state his, his name and spell his last name and all that if he does, uh, if he does log on but since we couldn't hear or we couldn't see him, I just logged him off.

VICTIM'S COUSIN FIGUEROA: Okay, I'm calling him right now and I'll let him know. Thank you.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Let him know if he wants to come in that, um, we'll have to pause and, and, uh, bring him in for the record. So, um, I guess it strikes me a little bit, um, and I understand the politics of it, but it strikes me as a little bit cowardly to have

somebody else do, commit that murder for you at that time. Did you not see it as that way or — you lost your, your audio again, Mr. Enriquez. I don't know why the audio keeps cutting off.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Can you hear us?

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Ah, now I can hear you.
Yes.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Okay. May I answer?

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Yes, please.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yeah. It was an entirely cowardly act. There's no, there's no, uh, uh, uh, stating that I was too important to do the hit in retrospect. Uh, after all this self-help, all the introspection, I understand it was a completely cowardly act, uh, to have a woman killed, not to do it, have done it myself, even to have considered murdering her, uh, everything about it was a cowardly act. So, so there's, there's, there's no justification for what happened. There's no rationalization that can make my ordering her death, uh, right in any kind of way. It was just, it was wrong. It was cowardly. And, and I understand that today.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: And, but at the time, how did it make you feel that you had the power to get made somebody else commit the ultimate act of murder?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Well, at that time, I, uh, that,

that's what, uh, being a, a Mexican Mafia member was, uh, uh, just solely about power and his own, uh, uh, egocentricity and building his own, my own, uh, reputation. Uh, the more violence that I committed, the higher you, you raise in the ranks of the organization. That was the status mobility system in the organization.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: And, uh, did it feed your narcissism?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Oh certainly, certainly, uh, being a member, uh, certainly feed, gave me that narcissistic supply, a continuous form of narcissistic supply. Uh, and, and I thrived off that. The more I received, the more I wanted. So, I used that as a fuel, uh, for my narcissism.

presiding commissioner Long: So, it looks like somebody's logged in again. It looks like Mr. Montenegro's trying to log in. Can, can you see or hear us, Mr. Montenegro? It's muted. It's, um, no camera. Um, so, he's going to have to use that link and actually go into the Skype part of the call versus the audio part if he wants to log in.

VICTIM'S COUSIN FIGUEROA: I can't hear you or see you guys either.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Yeah, he needs to click on the link and come in.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Yeah. Okay. I just removed him again cause he wasn't in on the right link. So, there's an on the actual, uh, meeting invite. It says join by Skype and, uh, I think if he clicks on that link he'll, he'll be able to get in.

VICTIM'S COUSIN FIGUEROA: Yes. He said that he's, uh, clicked on the link, uh, but he just can't see you guys and he can't...

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Well, we can't see or hear him either. And so, without getting him formally on the record, we can't have him participate unless we can get them onto where we can see and hear him. So, uh, we'll continue while he tries to, to log into that. And so, uh, tell us about the murder of David Gallegos.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Uh, David Gallegos was a, um, a member who had, a Mexican Mafia member who had fallen into disfavor with the organization and previously, uh, shown cowardice during a, uh, confrontation with an ex-member and, and abandoned, um, the individuals who were with them, which were fellow Mexican Mafia members and, uh, and, and it was decided and not by me, I was given the order to, to kill Mr. Gallegos, they voted on it and they decided that he was to, to, to be killed. And, uh, and I received a call from Mexican Mafia members while I was on parole to, uh, to do the murder and I, I actually did the

murder. I killed David Gallegos.

exceptionally, um, hard punishment. What, why do you think, I mean, what was the point in, in murdering a man just because, you know what I mean, people are get afraid in conflicts and run all the time. It just seems like, uh, overly harsh to say you got him murdered just for that.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: That's one of the, the rules that, uh, the members have to adhere to. There are certain rules, uh, that, that are given to you when you join. They're explained to you after you're, you're, you're voted into the organization and, and showing cowardice is one of the primary rules for, uh, for being killed.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Yeah, it's, um, it, it strikes me as more about control and trying to instill fear to members. I mean, because clearly you were a coward in having, uh, Cynthia Galvadan killed by somebody else, they didn't whack you for being a coward. So, it's kind of the word standard, it seems more to me about fear, keeping the control.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: The real objective of the organization is, uh, instilling fear and, and terror into, uh, the Hispanic gang subculture. So, that in itself, and there's double standards in the rules all the time for members and, and nonmembers, there's a, there's a whole

set of double standards. Uh, so that's, that observation is, is spot on that, uh, that I can commit this act of cowardice against Cynthia Galvadan and yet kill a man for being a coward. So, there's the double edge sword. I mean, I recognize that, I acknowledge it and it's the truth, you know, one man's killed for being a coward and I, yet I can commit a cowardly act against an innocent victim.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: And so, um, you shot him multiple times in the head.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yes, sir.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: How did you feel about
what you'd done?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Um...

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: At that time, at that time.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: At that time, I felt like I completed the job that was given to me and I was a, a loyal Mexican Mafia member.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: No emotion?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: There was emotion. I mean, there was, uh, an adrenaline, uh, uh, like, uh, kind of being nervous, like a bit nervous. Uh, at the time, there was no remorse. I was just doing my job as a Mexican Mafia member. Um, and that's, that's how it was. He, as a Mexican Mafia member, I believe that he knew the rules, he

was a member of the Mexican Mafia, he accepted those rules and violated them. And that I was just doing my job as a, as a, as a fellow member.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: And then, uh, when you were in the Attorney room on, uh, on July 16th, 1991, so were you-- why were you in the, you were in the jail, right? County jail at the time.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yes.

presiding commissioner long: Why are you in County
jail for at that particular time?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Uh, fighting incident offenses.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Yeah, the, the two
murders.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yes, sir.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: And, um, and so you
and, uh, and, and Peters stabbed Salvador Buenrostro?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yes, sir.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: So, tell us about that.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Uh, again, Salvador Buenrostro was a Mexican Mafia member, had gone in disfavor of the organization. He was voted against, uh, and, uh, they told us that, uh, he had to go, that was basically the phrase, is "he's got to go", he's been voted on and, uh, and we carried out the hit.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Was he, was he

testifying against the mafia or --?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: No, he was just, he was a made guy. In reality, he had done nothing wrong. This was simply internal mafia politics and it was, it was the nature of the organization to, to cannibalize when members have personality conflicts. The core of his issue was he was conflicting with Joe Morgan and, and other members fed Joe Morgan political information that put him in disfavor. And Joe Morgan being a very influential member ordered his death and, and, and we carried out the stabbing in the Attorney room that day.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: How'd you-- you guys
had makeshift handcuff keys?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: No, they were real handcuff keys.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Oh, they were real
handcuff keys. How'd you, how'd you get the handcuff keys?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: They were readily available. There was an investigator who would bring in, uh, uh, handcuff keys, legal, uh, correspondence. It was a contraband was smuggled in that way. There were many number of guys that would turn themselves in for weekends and bring in contraband to the County jail. That was pretty, pretty simple to get contraband at the County jail.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Okay. Um, so, I'm

trying to figure out, it looks like Mr. Montenegro's tried 1 to join by audio. Um, Mr. Montenegro, can you hear us? 2 VICTIM'S SON MONTENEGRO: Yeah, I'm here and I had 3 seen, I have video as well. 4 5 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Let's see. Okay. Can 6 you turn on the camera? We can't see you. 7 VICTIM'S SON MONTENEGRO: Okay. PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: There you go. Very 8 9 good. All right. So, Mr. Montenegro, can you please state 10 your, your full name, spell your last name and your 11 relationship to the victim. Tell us your relationship. 12 VICTIM'S SON MONTENEGRO: Sure. Uh, Robert Montenegro, 13 M-O-N-T-E-N-E-G-R-O, and I'm the victim's son. 14 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Okay, very good. Thank you for that. Um, and just as a, an admonishment, we're 15 16 not allowed to -- you're not permitted to record, uh, this 17 hearing in any way and you're not permitted to have any, 18 uh, anybody else in the room listening into the hearing. Do you agree that this, do you agree with those terms? 19 VICTIM'S SON MONTENEGRO: Yes. 20 21 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Okay. Thank you very much. Okay. And, uh, I just want to make sure, uh, we, we 22 23 still have everybody on the, the Figueroa side? VICTIM'S FATHER FIGUEROA: 24 Yes, sir.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Okay. Very good. All

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right. So, let's continue. So, um, how many times did you guys stab Salvador?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: I think it was 27 or 29 times.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: So, clearly you were trying to kill him. Your intent was to kill him.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Oh, certainly. We were trying to kill Mr. Buenrostro.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Um, but somehow, he did
survive, correct?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Fortunately, he survived.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: And so, uh, you know, we talked a little bit, you, when we talked about causative factors of your crimes, you already talked about, um, how the abuse affected you and power and control and repressed rage and, uh, as I understand it, were you, uh, you were using heroin and cocaine, uh, at least during some of the life crimes or all the life crimes. Can you tell us about that?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yeah, I was, I was using drugs, uh, during-- uh, on the days that I committed the crimes. All, all, every day that I was out during that period of, of, uh, release to the community I was, I was using drugs, I was under the influence of drugs.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: And so, uh, how much of a factor do you think the drugs were in you committing

these crimes if any?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: I believe, I believe they desensitized me, but I would have committed them either way. I believe that they, they, they, they desensitized me, they clouded judgment but I would have done the crimes either way. I was, I was a full-fledged Mexican Mafia member, so I don't want to, uh, I don't want to insinuate or suggest that somehow the drugs absolved me of responsibility or, or clouded my judgment. Certainly, uh, uh, I was under the influence, but I would have committed the crimes had I been sober.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: So, you're talking about power and control, repressed rage. What other causative factors were there?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Oh, there was impulsivity, uh, lack of, uh, coping skills. There were, uh, uh, um, like I, I witnessed domestic violence. I witnessed, uh, physical violence, gang violence, drug use in my home. Um, there are a number of things that I concluded in my insight reports. Uh, my mother was very permissive. She later became a heroin addict and, and, and this was later in life, but as a, as a child, she was very permissive. She taught us the art of manipulation. Um, if my dad forbade something, who was the disciplinarian. We would circumvent his authority by going to my mother and she

would allow it. And, uh, and, and, and she would pit us against my dad as well. Um, she allowed, uh, gang members to be in my house. So did my father. Uh, later on, they allowed me to deal drugs. I actually dealt drugs for my mother, um, when I was in junior high school. Um, the physical violence, the, uh, the verbal violence, the sexual abuse, all of these things were contributing factors. All these things were contributing factors in my life.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: When, and when do you think the narcissistic, uh, traits developed?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: I think when I, I, I, I, I joined the gang. I think that's when it, it, it, uh, narcissism started blossoming, uh, because you, you get, you, you receive, um, you started receiving praise from gang members and it made me feel, uh, better, boosted, my selfesteem was boosted so I, it became like a mask. The, the, the greater I created this persona, my gang persona, uh, the better off I felt.

paragraph, uh, from the Governor's decision, which I'm sure you read, but I would like to, uh, to get, uh, your thoughts on, on what the Governor says here. And this is the Governor's letter date, dated April 12th of 2019.

Although Mr. Enriquez's debrief for the Mexican Mafia, his

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extensive history of callous violence as well as the striking, strikingly high number of those violent crimes on countless victims remained a relevant risk factor for his future violence. Mr. Enriquez continues to blame the violent culture of the gang on his past conduct, lack of empathy and insight and demonstrate troubling behavior. The psychologist who evaluated Mr. Enriquez stated that he meets the diagnostic criteria for antisocial personality disorder with narcissistic features. This diagnosis is evidenced by Mr. Enriquez's repetitive and pervasive pattern of behavior of violating other people's basic rights, a lack of empathy, a sense of grandiosity and entitlement, including to special treatment and a tendency to inflate his accomplishments while minimizing his faults and failing to take full responsibility for his past conduct. Current evidence that these personality traits and attitudes indicates that Mr. Enriquez's personality disorder has not sufficiently resolved to allow for his safe release from custody at this time. So, I'd like to get your thoughts on, on the Governor's, uh, statements there.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Uh, yeah, it's a lot to, uh, to digest. It's a lot. So, so let's, I read that specific, uh, that specific excerpt in the Governor's reversal and, and I said about not just in this event and the

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disadvantage of this reversal, but in the past, uh, four reversals, addressing the issues that concern, uh, not just Governor Newsom, but Governor Brown as well. And I, I couldn't address the static issues, the historic factors. Those things are, are, are there and I can never change them. And as ugly as they are, they'll always be there. And, and I'm shamed. I'm ashamed of what I've done. I am remorseful for what I've done. And, and it strikes me as, as horrific that the victims have to sit here every year and listen to it, have to sit here and listen to me, uh, explain the good things that I've done when they still feel the pain of, of my actions. So, so I apologize to them for this. And in, in addressing these issues, I, I went about addressing the clinical factors, even factors that, that Mr. Sowders pointed out last year. Mr. Sowders says, said that I should take correspondence course and write book reports because the programs are not available that, that, that I needed to address my antisocial personality disorder. I sought out therapy through the mental health services delivery system at CDC. I did three years of therapy. I, I wrote, uh, comprehensive, uh, insight reports and relapse prevention plans for sexual deviancy. So, I went about addressing these issues, uh, and not just to satisfy, uh, this commission, this panel or parole board but I wanted to become a better human

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being. It really just boils down to being a better man. I wanted to be a better human being. I wanted to address these issues, and I knew that I had to peel back the layers of the onion to get back in deep within myself to address really what was being presented to the Governor because I took it, this is me presenting to the Governor, not directly, but my case. And somehow, something wasn't coming across right. Uh, even though the boards had granted my parole, there was something that the Governor was seeing. So, this year, I set about to completely dismantle, uh, my presentation. I created an entirely different packet. I did multiple book reports in order to distance myself and learn about antisocial personality disorder, uh, narcissism. I, I read extensively. I had, uh, my Attorney, Ms. Sheppard, provide me with materials on sexual deviancy and addressing those issues in terms of identifying with aggressor, traumatic bonding and replicate the behavior. I, I did book reports on, on victims awareness. I took victims awareness courses. I, I participated in prosocial behaviors and empathy building exercises. Um, I, I, I did the, uh, the victims meeting with, uh, with uh, uh, murder, uh, uh, family, uh, victim's next of kin with the um, um, healing and, uh, dialogue and action with how they're starring. I even created a group called VIEW, victims, uh, impact education

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workshop, where a small group of inmates really delve into the impact of our crimes on, on victims and their families in the community. So, I, I believe that I, I, I really, I dug in deep. I've addressed a lot of the issues and I think that's reflected in my current CRA, uh, that specifically states that, uh, those, those issues are no longer a concern, although that, that diagnosis will always be, I understand that the diagnosis of antisocial personality disorder with narcissistic features will always be, uh, I know, I now know what to look for. I, I created a relapse prevention plan specifically for those behaviors, those belief processes, the cognitive, uh, distortions. I recognize those as, as, as warning signs and triggers, and in delving into these studies into the specific diagnosis that was given to me in, in a number of occasions. Um, I know that in order to distance myself from, from this diagnosis, I have to understand it. That's why I submitted the book reports on that issue. And, and in doing so, I feel confident that, uh, that my sustained period of, of disciplinary free behavior and prosocial activity is a reflection of, of not who I was but who I am today. Cause I, I've created this persona. I, I'm no longer the man that I once was. I understand that that diagnosis will always be there, but that's, that's no longer who I am today. Today, I can finally say I'm a

decent man.

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PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: So, I'd like to know, um, specifically there is where you think you've, uh, gained insight since the last hearing.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Um, empathy, remorse, victim impact, uh, sexual deviancy, uh, the causative factors, uh, what molded-- the mind molders, like the cognitive distortions, uh, even in my gang behaviors there were cognitive distortions and rationalizations that made certain behaviors acceptable, acceptable to me. Um, I changed my belief system. Uh, uh, again, I, I'm a Christian. Uh, I accept as the Lord as my savior. So, uh, that's been a process that my wife introduced me to over the past six, seven years. Uh, I was baptized. Um, so there's a lot of spiritual foundation to my change, uh, but it's victim awareness, uh, comprehensive relapse prevention plan to address my, uh, my, my criminal thinking, my antisocial behavior, uh, relapse prevention plans that have been augmented to address, uh, substance abuse, anger management, uh, even stress after a long-term incarceration. So, I believe that those issues, those, those, those clinical issues that, that were raised, the, uh, the things that I could address, I believe that I have addressed each of those, uh, extensively, uh, this year. And I, I attempted to submit, um, most of the work in

SOMS, which I was successful in doing, but, uh, I think in January they stopped allowing us to, um, introduce, uh, our written work or journaling. Uh, so there may be some that the board doesn't have, but you have the majority of my work for this past year.

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PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: And so, um, let's talk about the, the impact of the victims of this crime. What do you think the impact was?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: I think the impact is ongoing. It will never stop. I, I, I could never fathom the depth of their pain. I wouldn't even try to understand it, but I know that I've harmed them. I wouldn't even try to say that I understand them. Let me rephrase that -- um, because I can't, I can't know what they feel. I know that each day that they, they no longer have their mother, their cousin, their daughter, it's a painful event. The days that their birthday passes or their birthdays pass that she'll never know or David Gallegos will never know, the touch of the granddaughter or the embrace of their child, that they may have nightmares, there may be psychological impact, there may be still be financial impact on them. And I'm ashamed because of that. I know that will never go away. And my words may ring hallow. They may sound like a plead for their mercy and I won't, I won't ask for that because I've already done too much. I've already done too much to the

family. And I understand that. I understand that I've hurt them irreparably. I'm living my life today, living a right life in honor of their family, in honor of the victims that, that have been hurt because of me. And I do what I do today by giving back to the community in the ways that I do it and in my peers in a way of living amends. That's how I live today. In honor of their family members.

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PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: So, tell us a specific, we read the file, but specifically, um, some of the things that you have done, uh, to make amends.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Um, one of the, my proudest achievements is, uh, becoming a youth mentor for the youth offender program here at Ironwood State Prison. There's a, a bunch of essentially kids that are in prison here with prison sentences, like 250 years to life and just outrageous prison sentences and they come in here and they're susceptible to all the peer pressures of prison. So, I've been pretty successful in reaching some of the kids and get them into positive programming, maybe even get some of them to go get baptized. Uh, some of them still struggle, you know, I see some of them, they're still in the throes of their addiction, but I don't abandon them. I continue helping them. And, uh, another thing I do is help, uh, other inmates who are, uh, intellectually challenged to prepare for the board. Some

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of them have very difficult time remembering the steps. The, uh, the 12 steps or, uh, uh, grasping what spiritual principles are, grasping the concept of, uh, of, of God. Uh, I try to help them. Um, uh, another thing I do is, uh, I testify in a number of gang cases and, uh, and I do this as a way to give back to the community. It's a way that I, I, like a scorched earth practice of giving back, and I only testify in cases where the prosecutors ask me to testify. I don't solicit cases. Um, it's difficult and it's a two-edge sword for that, you know. Uh, some may think I do it to aggrandize myself or that I like this concept of being special. Uh, but, but nothing could be further from the truth, you know, maybe at some point in the past. Well, no, at some point in the past, truly I, I, I wallowed in my own self-importance, but now it's, it's just about giving back to the community. Um, and, and I do so because it's the best way to give back and stop what I helped create, you know, by helping dismantle the Mexican Mafia. I don't have a personal agenda or any, any antipathy or anger towards the organization. That's who they are. But as long as I can help dismantle what I helped create or what I contributed to rather, um, I'll continue to do so and I, and, and one of the best instances in that, and I keep repeating this even when I testify in court is, is when the family of Vanessa Torres,

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it was a death penalty case in Riverside and I was testifying and the family came back and, and met me and, uh, and, uh, they thanked me for, uh, helping them find closure in the, in the case that the individuals responsible for killing their daughter was convicted and they said, you, you helped us so much and you helped ease our pain and it's that, one of those moments was at <unintelligible> I realized as I've created this kind of pain for families, for the Figueroa family, for the Gallegos family, uh, for the Galvadan family, you know, and, uh, and I knew that I would never, ever go back to hurting people again. And I made my vow I'll never commit violence again or participate in any kind of criminality or substance abuse ever again. My life is, is completely changed in that respect. And, and, and, and in doing these things, the more that I do them, it solidifies who I am today. 'Cause I look back at, at everything that I've done and everything that I was and today, I know that, uh, in, in helping people and giving back to the community, um, this is what I was supposed to do all along. This is what human beings are supposed to do, care for each other, and have compassion for each other. But I take great care in not, in not, uh, wallowing in that sense of importance. So, I try, I don't take leadership positions like MAC, the MAC committee. I don't take chairmanship positions. I

don't take leadership job positions. Um, I try not to have the savior attitude like I can fix anything for you, or I can do this cause that would just feed the narcissistic traits within me. So, so I think great care and doing this as well. So, I, I take care of not to replace one personality defect or one addictive factor with another one. So, that's what I've done.

presiding commissioner Long: And as you sit here today, when you look back on your life, if you could change anything, what would it be?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: All of it.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Can you see any way that you could, you could have gone on a completely different path?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yeah. I would.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: I want to note for the record that you're, you're clearly emotional. Can you tell us what you're feeling?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: I'm sorry. Shame. Regret. I would change everything. Drugs, violence, gangs, sexual deviancy. I would change everything about my life. I wouldn't be a criminal. I would be good man. I'm sorry.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: No, it's okay.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: I would try to be good man.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Commissioner Denvir, do

you have any follow up questions?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Just a few, sir, that, uh, I know that there's, uh, been a lot of questions on all this information and just focusing in on the person you were at the time of the commitment offenses. You were an EME member versus associate. Uh, I note maybe that's a CDCR distinguishment between a member and associate. Uh, does EME distinguish between those two levels?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: So, yes, they do. There's, uhPRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Okay.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: There's associate, uh, and
there's member. Members of full fled, full-fledged made
guy-

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Okay-

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: And you're inducted in the organization.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: You became a member at
22?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yes, sir.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Okay. So, you're jumped in at 12 and then an EME member as opposed to associate at 22. Okay. I want you to, briefly, if you could, describe the level of commitment that EME is looking for with respect to — Do you have to cut off ties with your street family? Um, what's required of an EME member in terms of,

uh, loyalty being pledged to the gang?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Um, they want people that will do anything for the organization. That you'll kill, you give up your life, the— the organization comes first. You don't have to cut off ties with your family, you can still have family ties and you're still a member of your gang, but you're not represented — you kind of abandon your gang ties but you now embrace the ideology of the organization and essentially they just want automatons. They want individuals who will kill for the organization, will promote the philosophies of the organization and, and, um, uh, spread that fear and terror to expand their control. Somebody can contribute some kind of, uh, become an asset to the organization. That's what they look for. Somebody who can contribute to that, expanding the organization in a sense.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: So, you described the abuse that was going on in your home, uh, and the sexual abuse. You hadn't been able to come forward with the abuse that Mark, uh, perpetrated until 2017, correct?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yes, sir.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: And that was a, a difficult thing to disclose in your mind?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: It was, it was really difficult.
That was a shame, I was deeply ashamed of, uh, I'm not

ashamed now. I know that it wasn't my fault. I know that my reactions and my behavior after that are completely responsible for. Um, I was afraid that it would be made public.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Okay.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: You know, to be made in public. And this is exactly what happened. It came out in LA times, the front page and the news mentioned it. But since that time, uh, a number of inmates have approached me because it was made public and, uh, they've told me about their own abuse, so it's been actually a blessing. I think that that was, uh, that was really a blessing because I've been able to help a number of individuals address their own sexual abuse, their own deviancy in their lives. So, it's, that's, that's really what helped me back with the shame. It's just so shameful to say I was emasculated, I was sexually violated. Uh, and then couple that with the perpetrating the same violence that I was subjected to.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Right.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: So, there was this double shame, this double shame that, that I was, I didn't want to bring it out. I wouldn't even want anyone to talk about it. Now, I talk about it freely. I mean, I don't carry a, a placard above my head, but in groups where individuals, uh, uh, address this issue, I speak about it freely. There's no

more hesitation in discussing it anymore.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: So, you described it as running from your family to the gang at 12 when you were jumped in, and then you found the acceptance with the street gang at that time, and then ultimately look to the Mexican Mafia at age 22, 10 years later, which offered you more acceptance and more status, all that fair to say?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: That's, that's fair to say, but it is also boosting my, my narcissistic, uh, characteristic within me, it was boosting it, of being a gang member, they put in work for the gang affrays.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: All right.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Being a Sureño that went through prison and, and put in work for the Mexican Mafia, gave you praise and it boosted your reputation. Then ultimately becoming a Mexican Mafia member gave you power and control and that's all to the pinnacle of power and control and the prison subculture. That's the pinnacle of power and control.

make our way to the timeframe of the commitment offenses, um, I have a list here. I wondered if it pertained to you as of that time. That you had blind loyalty to the gang. You were ruthless. You had no concern for human suffering. You had no concern for human life. You were selfish and

you were cowardly. Did all that pertain to you?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: That's all true.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Okay.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: All that's true. All, each and
every one of those are true.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Do you, do you think you brought that to the Mexican Mafia or do you think that was cultivated by that, them in you as you, um, were already in the, in the, um, membership with the gang?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: No, I didn't, I didn't bring that to the Mexican Mafia. I think that that was cultivated. I think there were character defects in-- within, within me, I hadn't killed anybody when I joined the Mexican Mafia.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Right.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: I never killed anybody. You know, I had, did a couple of prison stabbings. Um, and I had done some horrific things in my past, like robberies and sexual assault.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Right.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Um, but I had never, I had never killed anybody, but, but I think that was cultivated by the organization, uh, by the exposure to this. That Mexican Mafia was, uh, is this organization that was just embedded in the, uh, violent prison subculture. So, this existed long before I came. The, uh, the violent nature of

the organization. I wasn't the one that came into the organization and said, okay, let's make it a violent thing now.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Right.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Um, but I think it was, it was,
it was, uh, how can I say, um, cultivated by the
organization.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Okay.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: All those qualities-disqualities [sic] within me were cultivated by the organization.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Okay.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: But I also think they were part of my deep-seated, uh, uh, character defects and, and the experiences I, I suffered as a child, they fostered that.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: And I think some people wonder if a person who has displayed the, those characteristics, the question is, can they ever be rehabilitated? Can they ever become an entirely different person? And, um, you know, that I, I think we're going to talk about all that you've done, but why don't you tell us what light went on or what was it that caused you to step away and debrief and do all that you did when you initially broke ties?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: You know, that's one of the

things that I've, I've, I've, I've thought about, you know, it's — can a person really step away? Can a person really change? Can a person really say, you know what, I'm done with this, these attitudes, I'm done with them, these thought processes, I'm done with them. Um, look at the apostle, Paul.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Right.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: You know, the apostle, Paul, was a Slayer of Jews and persecutor, you know, and, uh, and, and Jesus came on the road to Damascus, touched him, put scales in his eyes, and you know, who are you Lord? You know, the whole story, right? And I look at that and I said, wow, that's, that's heavy duty. If, if, if that can be done for him then, then nobody's behind redemption. You know, and, and, and I look at it this way, like I, I don't want to speak, talk the talk, you know, I walk the walk.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Right. Right.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: My life has changed and, and I have changed. I've been sober for 14 years now. I've been disciplinary free for 16 years. And, uh, and I don't want to be the one to say, I did this, I did this, I did this. I want others to say, hey, we, we observed his behavior.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Right.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: And that's reflective of an
individual whose changed his life. I believe that anybody

can change. If I can change and have real change, I'm at peace today.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Right.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: I'm truly at peace. I'm on a yard, on a general, uh, a SNY yard. And they're all obviously threats against me.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Right.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: But I walk in peace, not because I'm naive, but because I am at peace and I wish no harm upon anybody and no harm comes to me. Um, so I believe that anybody can change. Anybody can change.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: You're, you're talking to someone, I've, I've obviously, I've been doing this job for a long time. Same people in the Pelican Bay SHU, 25, 30 years and a light bulb will go on or something will happen, a letter from a grandchild sometimes and all of a sudden they put, they, they realize they have a kind of euphoric realization that they've been dedicating their whole life to this gang, um, and they decide to do everything they can to maybe not to the extent you have, but certainly do what they can to, to undermine the gang, to, um, you know, change themselves and put all their effort that they have previously put into the gang, into their rehabilitation and they become different people and I'm just wondering what it was, what light bulb went on

with you? What caused you to say, wait a minute. After all these years, this isn't the life I want.

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There's a number of factors there INMATE ENRIQUEZ: that, you know, and I, and I often testify to this and it's hard to peg down to one event. Uh, there was a series of campaigns in the organization where they were talking about killing family members and I like, oh, wow, this is, this is outrageous. This is crazy. You know, this is, uh, like if they couldn't get to you, they'd kill your family members. Uh, and that, that just wasn't part of it. It just, they're civilians, you know, that's how the organization saw, that's how I felt at the time. And then there was another campaign where they, uh, well actually it was a murder, a series of murders that occurred. Uh, they killed a Mexican Mafia member dropout. Another Sureño associate was with him, his sister and two children, uh, in the Maxson road murders. One child was five years old and, uh, one was, uh, uh, I think less than a year old. Um, and we, we saw, I saw it on TV and this was just horrific for everybody. Even the most damaged guy, the most, the hardest personalities felt this right. And then there were a series of, of campaigns in the organization where I just felt like this is, this is not a brotherhood. This is about betrayal, about disloyalty, about deceit, it's just about killing. That's all it was, killing and

power-grabbing. And, uh, so I dropped out. I had made the decision, uh, Pelican Bay investigator, uh, IGI, brand new on the job by the name of Ernie Madrid, listened to my communications, and heard me talking about being tired. I told one of my visitors, I said, what would you do if it wasn't here anymore? What would you do if I wasn't Boxer anymore? Uh, I'm so effing tired of this, I said on the visit and he approached me and, um, and I made the decision right then, but the change didn't come then. That's, that, that, that—

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Right.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: That was the beginning of the process. Cause I still started using dope, I still, you know, I <unintelligible> of my tattoo even when I was a dropout, you know, it was still, I had still had some status even in the PC world.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Right.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Uh, the change came when my son told me, Bobby, my oldest son, Bobby, he's a UCLA grad. He, uh, he's a, he told me, uh, Dad, if you're ever going to change, if you're ever, if you're true about not wanting to be this, you'll take that tattoo off of your chest and it's a black end. And, uh, and I actually went to the process of having this tattoo removed and I had to show him and he told me I was, I was still using dope and

he told me, Dad, look at you. You know, you have to stop that and my wife told me as well, she says, you know what? I'm talking, you should -off handed like, ah, they're just, just mobsters. You know, we didn't kill shop keepers or, or old ladies and we just stayed within the group and she's all, how dare you? How dare you say that? What would you do if somebody killed, what would you do if somebody killed me? What would you do if somebody killed one of the boys? And I realized, I said, you know what? This is what I've done to people. This is what I've done to these families. And it just started to change right there. That's when I realized. And she told me, you use drug, you use drugs again, I'm out. I'm done. You're going to die in here.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Yeah.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: You need to change your life. And it began, in slow, incremental process throughout these years, throughout these past 16 years. Each year, I learned something new. Each month, I learned something new and I keep contributing to like a little sticker, I put it on, it's another little piece of me, it becomes part of me and it's like a mosaic of tiles. You know, if somebody contributes a handler, a prosecuting United States Attorney, you know, an Attorney, uh, a family member, they all give me something that I, that I incorporate into my

being. They teach me a life lesson.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: And it, I think it goes without saying, again, having done this job for quite a few years, that generally, members or high ranking associates of the EME that I'm aware of that do what you did in terms of debriefing, obviously putting themselves and their family at risk, um, their every intention is to lay as low as they possibly can and certainly don't go on the path that you have in terms of, uh, testifying, educating law enforcement, you know, we've read all the, the 547 page backfile of all the work you've done. Um, so, that's an unusual path. Do you know why you chose that initially?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Um, I didn't want to do it initially. Uh, uh, there's a, uh, assistant director of correction by the name of Brian Perry. Um, he came in and he videotaped me and I did a series of debrief videos.

We're educating, uh, the Sacramento legislature, and the Director's Office. It was the Director's Office at the time I was at the Secretary's Office and Ernie Madrid, they said, you can change lives, you can change lives. And at first it fed my narcissism. I still have, oh, man, I still have some status and some power. I'm still special.

So, there's some truth to that, you know, in the initial stages. Later on, um, it really just came up, I became

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giving back to the community and trading those old past antisocial associations who I sought praise from. I sought praise from gang members, drug dealers and, and hustlers and criminals. Now, I, I get accolades from law enforcement and it's not that I need this continuous source of, of reinforcement because I could do without it, you know? But it's just, I think it's just a great way to give back because I, I had done so much. So, I had to balance the scales. I felt that I had to balance a scale somehow. I could never really right the scales. I can't say that this equates, you know, enough done cause I can never do enough. I could never do enough for, uh, giving back to the community because I've taken so much. But at first, I really admit that it was all about my egocentricity, all about building, oh man, I'm special, I feel great, you know, about receiving accolades, like feeding my own narcissism. But now, nothing could be further from the truth. In fact, I've reduced, greatly reduced the number of cases that I've testified in and, and I, and I only do small-group education with law enforcement, I did the last time I went out for, uh, a RICO trial in Los Angeles a couple of months ago. I did a small group for Rialto PD and that's usually what I do now. I don't go to big forums because it's just, it's just too much, you know, it's, it's, it's, sometimes it becomes

overwhelming, you know, but I know how to balance it now.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Right.

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INMATE ENRIQUEZ: I know how to say no to a case.

Uh, and I know how to say no to training that, that, that

may not be perceived correctly, you know. I just do it to

give back now.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Okay. I'm just going ahead to your post-conviction. Uh, your last hearing as the Commissioner said, uh, was December 14th of 2018 and Commissioner Roberts granted you parole at that time. The panel recommended you stay disciplinary free, earn positive chronos, get self-help and keep it, and, uh, learn a trade, you, the Governor reversal letter is dated April 12th, 2019. You remain SNY Level II, 19 classification score, medium AS, custody status, um, you have 25, uh, 115, same as last time. The last was the, um, June 22nd of '04. RVR for introduction of controlled substance for distribution and sales. And that was after you had dropped out. Were you trying to compete with the EME on drug distribution or what was going on then, sir? INMATE ENRIQUEZ: No, I wasn't competing with the

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: No, I wasn't competing with the Mexican Mafia. I was just seeking out that, that, that, that need for acceptance and having power. You know, I, I'd been dropped off, uh, again at Lancaster and I was there just, uh, inmate, you know, former Mexican Mafia

member and I, I sought out power and control through drugs. You know, and I, I'd still, I had been abstinent from, from drug use for, for quite a while before that, for years actually. And, uh, and I started using, uh, soon after I got to Lancaster. I started using dope again and drinking and then I, I came to realize that abstinence does not equate recovery, you know, so I just fell right back into the cycle again until I learned about real recovery and started doing my step work that I, and I really learned it. So, yeah, I was just trying to regain that sense of, of power and control through narcotics and reputation.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: We've done hearings, uh, with other EME associates, uh, at Ironwood who are inactive and I had talked to them about the years it takes to unwind the, the gang thinking, the criminal thinking, the substance reliance, uh, all the things that kind of tie in with that life. Um, how long do you think it took you to fully rehabilitate yourself or do you feel you're fully rehabilitated at this point?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: I think I'm, I'm suitable for parole. Uh, and I think I've, I've, I've, I've rehabilitated, but I think that the recovery process and rehabilitation is a lifelong process. Cause the character defects that I, that I have displayed in the past will

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always be with me. But now I have coping skills to deal with those, those, those negative thought processes and I have the coping skills to stop thought process and thought replacement and positive mental movies and positive selftalk and now I have the skills to do it. But I think that those character defects and the addiction will be a lifelong process. I can't, I can't take it for granted that, oh, I got this contract because I've been sober 14 years. You know, there are certain, the easiest thing can trigger a relapse or a lapsed or, or as seemingly unimportant decision could lead to a cascading of, you know, risky behaviors and risky situations and then reoffense, you know, so, so I think it's a lifelong process. Have I been rehabilitated, am I suitable for parole, I. believe that, yes, certainly. But my rehabilitation continues on a daily basis and I, I'm hypervigilant to the reality that, that I have to remain, uh, super focused, super dedicated to my recovery more so, uh, when I'm released rather than when I'm just here.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Okay. Just in terms of hallmark timeframes, you dropped out in 2002 while in federal custody, is that correct?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: No, that's a, that was a, a small error in the, um, in the CRA. I dropped out in, uh, 2002, while at Pelican Bay State Prison.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Pelican Bay. Okay. 1 2 INMATE ENRIQUEZ: I was then, I was then 3 transferred to federal custody with the FBI to do my debrief. 4 5 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Ah, okay. And then, uh, last used substances in '05? 7 INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yes. 8 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Okay. Last, uh, 115 9 '04. And then you had a 128A in '05 of a violation of, um, 10 procedures. I guess you lied to an Officer in terms of what building you were in. Is that true? 11 INMATE ENRIQUEZ: I was trying to sneak in the 12 canteen and I lied to the Officer. I got caught. 13 14 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Little manipulation 15 there. Attempted manipulation. INMATE ENRIQUEZ: 16 Yes. DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: 17 Okay. Um, you, um, got your GED in 2002, and then you've attended a number of, 18 19 uh, college courses. Do you know how many college units 20 you have total at this point? 21 INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Oh, I think I have, uh, I have 22 some from different universities. I have some from La 23

some from different universities. I have some from La Salle, Cal State Northridge, uh, Hadley, uh, uh, CDU in Virginia and I have, I think, I think like six courses here so that's like 18 here and maybe 15 in the other, uh,

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the other, uh, colleges and, and universities-

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: And then-

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: But the problem, the, - Oh, I'm sorry.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: No, I, I was just, there was also Rahima Correspondence Bible School noted on the CRA.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Oh, yes, yes, yes I did, uh, uh, I did that as well and, uh, and a number of other courses that were, uh, were not accredited. I did those. But the problem with seeking out or matriculating is that if, if, if I get the degree, I, my name changes as soon as I'm released and it's not applicable anymore.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Okay.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: So, that, it's going up there, my name is going to change, my identity is going to change and that degree is going to be worthless. So, if, if I just need 15 or 20 more credits, why not just wait till I get out there and then a new name and just, just, just get my degree when I do that.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Okay. Um, since your last hearing, you've, uh, worked as a clerk at porter and in recycling and we saw the laudatory chrono on the, on your recycling work that was 10 satisfactory, um, grades on your last two work reports, December 11th of 2019 and

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April 1st of 2020. Um, you know, limited timeframe since the last hearing that I saw since the last hearing, you've participated in continued self-help that includes inside out writers that you completed in June, on June 25th, 2019. You completed another session of AA 8/19 of '19. You've been continuously in CGA since October 28th of '17. You were in the healing dialog and action program from 11/29 of '18 through 2/26 of '19. You twice completed as best I could understand the chronos, the prep victim impact programs completed at September 10th of 2019 and December 10th of '20. Took another prep program a May 9th of '19 through May, uh, 14th of '19. Uh, you participated in ARC, 9/14 of '19 to the present and then had previously been in it 8/13 of '19 through 9/13 of '19. And then have recently, uh, been in father to child place for grace 1/24 of '20. And also, been involved in the youth offender program helping the youth offenders. Anything else that you wanted to mention on the record that's gone on in terms of yourself help since the last hearing? INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Well, a number of book reports I wrote on, on-

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Right.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Understanding antisocial personality disorder, victim impact, uh, journaling, uh, participation in, uh, mental health, uh, uh, uh, uh, uh,

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mental health services delivery system here at Ironwood State Prison. I, I, I terminated, they terminated the, the process, uh, in January, that was my last session, uh, because it's no longer available for, unfortunately, for the past three years, I've been going in there and doing CTP, uh, Changing Thought Processes and addressing sexual deviancy and, and antisocial behavior, uh, participating in empathy-building exercises. One of the exercises that, uh, uh, Dr. Pam, uh, Crawford, uh, had me participate in was interview people who previously would not talk to me, which is very revealing. There were certain guys that just wouldn't talk to me, that would just stare at me and give me ugly looks. And then one day they just started talking to me and I was, I was to interview them like, why, why wouldn't you talk to me? Well, you're a rat, you testified in cases and this and that. I thought you were a-hole and you know, we've heard all this stuff about you, but then when I got to know you, we revealed, it revealed this about you, you know. So, it, it, it allowed me to identify with what other people thought about me and how they perceive me and then, and then understand, cause she asked me, how did you feel about these guys not talking to you and staring at? Well, kind of off-putting, and I didn't like it, you know, so it allowed me to understand the other side's feelings as well. I think healing dialogue

1	and action was really a huge thing for me. A woman came in
2	and told us how her sister was murdered and the impact
3	that had on her entire family. Um, another one was a, a-
4	VICTIM'S COUSIN RODRIGUEZ: Gentlemen, my name's
5	Amanda Rodriguez. I'm currently undergoing chemotherapy
6	and I need a little break.
7	ATTORNEY SHEPPARD: Commissioner Long, you're muted.
8	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: You're muted,
9	Commissioner.
10	PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Sorry. Thank you. So,
11	how about how much time would you like five, 10 minutes?
12	Is that sufficient or?
13	VICTIM'S COUSIN RODRIGUEZ: Yes, that's fine.
14	PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Okay. Well, we'll, uh,
15	we'll go off the record at 09:53 and we'll come back in
16	about 10:03.
17	VICTIM'S COUSIN RODRIGUEZ: Thank you. I appreciate
	VICIA 5 COOSIN RODRIGORA: Inank you. I appreciate
18	it.
18 19	
	it.
19	it.
19 20	it. DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: We're off the record.
19 20 21	it. DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: We're off the record.
19 20 21 22	it. DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: We're off the record.
19 20 21 22 23	it. DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: We're off the record.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: We are back on the record.

presiding commissioner Long: Okay. The time is approximately, approximately 10:05 hours. Everybody that was here prior to our recess has returned and we did confirm before going on the record that everybody can see and hear each other. And so, I will turn it back over to Commissioner Denvir.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Okay. Uh, Mr. Enriquez, I think we were, uh, finishing up and you were talking about the work you've done since the last hearing. Um, we talked about the self-help and, um, the book reports and I think you also discuss the same topic with the Commissioner, the work you did on empathy and remorse and sexual deviancy, cognitive distortions and your belief system, uh, the three years of therapy. Is there anything else, sir, that you want to mention in terms of the work that you've done since the last hearing?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Uh, just that it's been a great added, uh, supplement to my, my tool, my toolkit that I use for coping and dealing with stressors every day and dealing with relapse prevention and, and circumventing, participating in any type of dysfunctional behaviors at all. I mean, it's just enlightening. Once I, I got past, uh, uh, well, I'm going to do this to get out, I'm going

to do this to, and I got to the point where I'm saying, I just want to be a better person. I want to be a better human being. Then it just, it's like all started over the past couple of years, just started sinking in like, you know, this was necessary. So, the reversals, they, although they, they, they shook me, you know, they also shaped me. You know, those, those, the words that, uh, the Governor used made me delve deep, you know, and, and, and all this process of these, uh, parole reversals, they're, they were guiding me on a path of a therapeutic approach, uh, and rehabilitative approach that I followed. I mean, I, I really wanted to be a better, and I really am now a better person than I was when I first started this process.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: You admitted in the past you had used drugs and alcohol as a coping mechanism. Did you ever turn back to drugs and alcohol when you were dealing with the four, uh, reversals?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: No, not even tempted. Not even. I remember in the first, uh, uh, periods of my sobriety, I would have dreams about it. I would even taste it in certain occasions, right? Uh, but now it's like, no, I've, I'm so far removed from drugs and, and, and alcohol and that I have no desire. I think my, my, uh, biggest vice is eating now. I, I like to eat good and I like this to be at

peace like that. I like to sleep well, you know, I like keeping canteen in my house and not giving it to other people to pay for drugs, you know, so...

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DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Okay. Do you get any, uh, happiness out of the work you do with the youth offenders?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Oh my gosh, it's so rewarding. I mean, particularly when you touch somebody, there's some people that they're not beyond reach. They're just stuck in the throes of their addiction. And it's, uh, it's, it's, it's kind of risky because by dealing with these people, you often get categorized. You know, we have to have, uh, a phrase in Spanish. It's called, dime con quién te ju-con quién te juntas, y yo te digo quién eres, tell me who you hang with and I'll tell you who you are. So, if you got a kid who was a druggie and you're sitting with them, you're eating dinner with them, or you're, you're, you're, you're making lunch with them, they often associate you with that. But there's a greater, there's a greater mission here is to try to reach him because I was one of the biggest addicts that there were, you know, and I've dealt with all these behaviors and I saw that I could change. I know that I could change and I have changed. And I, and I use that as an example. So, and some people it reaches them and some, it just doesn't. So, for the people

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that you reach are the, are the guy who doesn't know how to write or express himself or, or you help him discover what his core issues were and he opens up, he opens up the flood gates, he cracks open his chest. This is what happened to me. My dad did this to me, or my neighbor did this to me, or, or this is what I did to this person and nobody knows about it. And you get them to reach that point so you know, you're on the path. Because there's still-- there's no change unless there's truth-to-self that's transparent. You know, like, uh, you make as you're hoping, uh, searching, uh, searching your fearless moral inventory. You have to, you have to admit to God, yourself and another person the exact nature of your wrongs and that's part of that process. There's meaning in that, you know, so when they do that with me, it's kind of like rewarding and I'm like, oh, you're getting it, dude. You're getting it. You understand that. And that's part of the process of rebuilding yourself. Cause you really, and what I've learned is that you have to unlearn everything that you've learned so you can learn how to be correct. how to be a good man.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Right.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: So, when I see that there's, it's very rewarding, you know, it's very rewarding. And it's not just for the accolades that I do. It's just in the,

like, you can help somebody and, and this is like a true altruism. This is real Christian charity. It's not even giving money or canteen items or contributing to the kitty box that we have for Christians that are, that are, uh, uh, indigent. But it's in giving of self. Selfless serving from the background so nobody knows. Cause there's guys here that, you know, they're in the middle of the yard every day, uh, evangelizing and they want everybody to see 'em. But the Bible said those guys have already received a reward.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Right.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: You know, cause they're doing it out in public to be seen, you know, and, and, and those guys that I helped know that I've helped them and that's good enough for me.

number of laudatory chronos, but I thought I would at least read part of the one that um, CC1 Covarrubias wrote on March 30th of 2020 uh, a CC1 that's seen you over a number of years and I'm not gonna read the whole thing sir, but I'm going to, it's in the record. I will just read part here. This, uh, chrono is in support of inmate Enriquez who I have known since his arrival at Ironwood State Prison. While he was assigned as a captain's clerk for the Bravo Facility Program Office, I and other CC1's

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assigned to Bravo Facility interacted with him daily. He always showed staff and his inmate peers respect and courtesy. There was never an occasion he did not show exemplary conduct and character. After numerous conversations with him, I became familiar with his case factors. On one occasion, after his third parole reversal, he came to my office and expressed a desire to help others and look beyond just getting out of prison. In his words, he, quote, wanted to become a better man, end quote. True to his word, he's become a youth offender mentor for the youth offender program, and he has become a key member of the rehabilitative and spiritual committees that ISP. He even created an independent study workshop titled Victim Impact Education Workshop, which is the acronym VIEW. Not only did I personally oversee the workshop on curriculum, but I also reviewed the written work of each participant. I found their written submissions to be extremely authentic and filled with insight. Throughout the years, I've also sent many inmates to Enriquez for assistance in writing their documents in preparation for the BPH. He has assisted these men without hesitation or without expectation of gain. He's also worked diligently to take advantage of the many self-help programs offered at ISP, including three years of supporting, supportive counseling with the mental health department. I've noted he has shown

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significant improvement in addressing his character defects. Also express deep remorse for his commitment offenses and the many other crimes which he was never arrested for or convicted of. Notably, he recently was evaluated for an approved for STG-I termination status. This process is only considered for inmates who were once validated prison gang members and only for those inmates with extended periods of disciplinary free behavior. And the incident case, Enriquez's file was reviewed by the ISP, institutional gang investigator, and the Office of Correctional Safety before it was determined that he met all criteria and was in fact approved for termination. I have no doubt that he will not pose a threat to public, to the public once released and he will become a productive member of the community. Enriquez has proven that anyone can possibly change their lives and I commend him. I did wind up reading the whole thing, but that's the only one I'm going to read. So, the rest are in the record. Um, I think with that, Commissioner, I'm, uh, we're ready to move on to parole plans unless there's anything else you wanted to cover at this point.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: No, I think, I think we're ready for that. So, what we'll do is, uh, we will, uh, ask, uh, Mr. Montenegro, um, and the folks at the Figueroa family house and, um, the DA to disconnect. It's,

1	uh, 10:14. Why don't we reconnect back at 10:30. If you
2	guys can just click back into the links, I think that'll,
3	uh, should work perfectly. Does anybody have any questions
4	before we do that?
5	DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY SOWDERS: No, I will call
6	you back on the conference line at 10:30. This is Sowders.
7	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Thank you.
8	PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Perfect. Okay. Sounds
9	good. Uh, we'll see everybody then in about 16, uh,
10	minutes.
11	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: We're going to-
12	DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY SOWDERS: All right. All
13	right.
14	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: End this track of the
15	hearing for the confidential recording.
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DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: We're back on the record.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Okay. The time is 10:36, uh, hours and everybody that was here prior to the recess has returned. And so, um, Mr. Enriquez, you talked earlier a little bit about the, the new risk assessment conducted by, by Dr. Chen, uh, on March 19th, 2020. Um, and so, can you tell us, uh, what if anything you learned from that assessment?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Um, that I had addressed a number of issues that were raised in the, uh, last CRA that, uh, she felt that had adequately addressed the antisocial personality aspects of, of, of my past diagnosis and that, uh, I learned a number of things that I had made improvement, that I had made certain gains. Um, and I was, I was pretty satisfied with the overall report.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Okay. So, pretty satisfied suggest there were some things you weren't satisfied with. Can you tell us what those were?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Oh, there were just a couple of errors, like a number of murders that she said that I was convicted of and, and I would, I would prefer to leave that to my Attorney because, um, it doesn't diminish the fact that, uh, the victims are still, there were still, there were victims of a murder and I still committed these

crimes. I don't want to detract from that. I mean, the overall, uh, CRA was, was, was, uh, I noted the improvement. I noted that it was a low and, uh, I, I'd rather leave the, uh, the, uh, the rebuttal to my Attorney, if any, if she has any rebuttal.

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PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Fair enough. So, um...

ATTORNEY SHEPPARD: Commissioner, I filed a rebuttal
of a few, just a few pages. It should be in the 10-day
file.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: I believe I saw that. Yes. And, um, so I wanted to... They, they did, uh, an elderly parole analysis, you're not quite eligible. You're a couple of about two and a half years out, I think before you're eligible for it. Um, and it's, you know, it talks about, um, let me just read a paragraph. In terms of his physical condition, Mr. Enriquez has suffered from Hepatitis C, back and shoulder pain, GERD, and hypertension. Records indicate he is currently using listening, listening assisted devices for hearing loss, which he also required for the current evaluation. Despite these issues, Mr. Enriquez reports, reported he feels healthy. He's able to actively participate in work assignments and programs and he does not appear to be significantly impaired due to health-related issues. At this time, his physical limitations do not appear to

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significantly impact his, his risk management needs for community placement. Would you say that's accurate?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Yes.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: And of course, on, uh, page 19, Dr. Chen does a Static-99 analysis. Um, and says Mr. Enriquez's score on Static-99 are based on specific risk factors cited on this instrument, places him in the above average risk category relative to other sex offenders. He scored higher than approximately 88% of sex offenders in the Static-99R standardization sample. His score on this instrument was elevated by the following factors, the prior sex offense charge led to this criminal record and victim characteristics. It's important to note that this is a purely actuarial instrument based on the lifetime history of the individual. It is also notable that his score may not fairly represent his risk as his age at the time of release for the index offense was 21. He's currently 57 years old and there is no information to suggest that he has sexually offended since 1986. As such, his score is likely slightly inflated. So, um, is that all, do you think that's all fairly accurate?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: I think it's, I think it's accurate, uh, but again, I'd let my Attorney make the rebuttal on that. I, I think that the scores, uh, slightly inflated. Uh, I think that, uh, uh, yeah, I'll just leave

it to my Attorney to, to make that argument.

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ATTORNEY SHEPPARD: And Commissioner, I did include in my rebuttal a couple of concerns about, uh, the applicability of this score. Dr. Chen did note, you know, the age is a significant recidivism factor and the Static-99 only captures what his risk level would have been at age 21, not his current risk level. Uh, and then, unfortunately, she didn't list which factors she elevated for, um, specifically so I wasn't able to kind of rerun the test but should be fairly simple to run. Um, but because she doesn't give all the information to, to support her, um, ultimate diagnosis that there's, we can't confirm the accuracy of it.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Okay. So, noted. So, uh, overall though the Doctor did, uh, determine that you represent a low risk for violence as we, as we stated earlier. Um, Commissioner Denvir, do you have any further before we go to clarifying questions?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: I do not. Thank you.

presiding commissioner Long: Deputy DA Sowders, do you have any, uh, clarifying questions that you would like us to ask Mr. Enriquez on your behalf?

DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY SOWDERS: I do not. I have no clarifying questions. Thank you.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Very good. Counsel, any

clarifying questions for your client today?

ATTORNEY SHEPPARD: Yeah, just a small number. Um, and these are sort of mainly to address the Governor's concerns. Um, Governor said in his last rebuttal or his last reversal, excuse me, that you blame gang culture for your violent conduct. Can you tell me where you place the blame for your violence?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Solely on myself. And, and that's why I always, when I'm explaining to make the caveat that it always has minimized my behavior, my responsibility, I accept complete responsibility for my actions. Um, and, and I may have presented it in past hearings where it sounded as if I was blaming gangs, but in no way do I feel that way, do I think that way or do I believe that. I am solely responsible for my actions and, and, and I admit that today and I admit, I admitted that during the last hearings, but it may have been presented wrong and I apologize for that.

ATTORNEY SHEPPARD: If they said that the, the mafia helped cultivate, um, violence in you, um, how is that different from blaming them for what you've done?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Oh, uh, I don't mean that to say like it cultivated, but it, it, the whole existence of mafia was about violence, right? So, that violence, the, the propensity for violence was within me already and it

would have emerged if not with this person, with another person. That rage would have emerged with another victim somewhere down the line. So, in no way am I saying that this is a, the mafia cultivated it in somehow as the etiology [sic] for all this violence and I, I don't say that at all. Um, other than the fact that the, the, the mentality and the flawed belief systems and the rules and the subcultural influences, they, uh, uh, that's what I, that's what I meant to say, that they, they in a sense, influence your behavior but I am solely responsible and I was solely responsible for the decisions I made at the time and, and, and the decision, and the crimes that I committed in the incident offense.

ATTORNEY SHEPPARD: Thank you. Um, the Governor has at times, uh, questioned whether you're, um, very abusive childhood, um, and that need for acceptance and that, that traumatic childhood is enough to explain the high number of crimes and the high ranking gang membership that you attained. Um, can you try to show us your insight into why, um, you sort of rose to a higher level than many folks do, um, when they're raised in that sort of abusive environment?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: I think because of the dynamic of that narcissism because it became as if I receive praise, it bumped it up just a little higher and the more power

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and control that I gained in this process, the more secure and better I felt about myself. So, it always raised the bar with each event, it raised the bar, it raised the bar, it raised the bar and then hence my violence, propensity, involvement and, and, and flawed thinking also elevated. So, that was like the driving factor behind it. The narcissism was the underlying factor that, that propelled me on this path towards seeking power and control because quite frankly, I was secure. It ensured my safety, it ensured my power, it ensured my ability to exert my will over others. It was merely that self-preservation and, and that self-interest, that self-promotion, that selfaggrandizing, that's, that's what propelled this elevation. It was simply that the narcissism, but I don't, I don't mean it to say that that's an excuse or that's somehow mitigates my responsibility cause it doesn't, I mean, I was conscious in everything that I did and I accept responsibility for everything that I did. I just finally found out and discovered the real core issues that drove my behavior, the psychological processes that, uh, that, that drove my decision-making process.

ATTORNEY SHEPPARD: Thank you. Uh, and the last thing I'd ask you about is, um, concerning this narcissism, you know, you, you've admitted that there were times that even your prosocial behavior was driven by that desire to have

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some status or, um, be special as you put it. Um, so, what about now, if you are released, if or when you're a free citizen, um, do you intend to pursue anything high profile? Would you be okay if you're, you know, living under a new name and working at a carwash? How do you feel about that need to be special now?

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: No, I, I, you know, that's, that's so far behind me. You know, I went through this process of gang validation, uh, termination status cause it, they said I've been gone and, and not participating in this behavior long enough than I'm already considered this, right? And, and I look at this as part of my past life. That's the man I used to be. I don't need the accolades and I, I seek out-- if I do seek out acceptance from prosocial individuals doing prosocial things, you know, like normal people do. I don't seek out these accolades from and, and, and pats on the back for criminals and druggies and gang members. Um, but I, but I wanted to dispel the concept that, that somehow need to be, uh, promoted. I don't need that. I don't want it. What I do now is simply because I can give back to the community. It's the only way I can do so on a larger scale for all the things I've done. It's often cited that, uh, because there's so many victims, that's why I do so much. I can never stop giving back. You know, as long as the

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Prosecutor asks me, I'll continue to do it, doing it. But if it's determined that this is somehow a risk factor or, or contribute somehow to, to negative behavior, I'll simply walk away from it. I don't need any of this. I would much rather be Jose Gonzalez, uh, at a, at a fruit vending stand in Northern California, living a normal life, uh, just with, in that complete anonymity. Um, so, and that my wife really wants, as my kids really wants, I really want this, you know, my entire life I chased limelight, I chased notoriety. And then when I finally got it, I didn't want it. You know, it's a horrible realization that you devoted your whole life to nothing, to waste and hurt and harm and I no longer need that, I no longer want it, you know, I don't. I don't identify with that anymore. I've done what I've done and I did my best to correct the things that I could and make amends for the things that I could never fix. And, and I, and that's why I testified, but I don't need, I don't need to be a special person. I'm Rene Enriquez. I'm a grandfather, a father, a son, a husband and I'm, I'm okay with that finally.

ATTORNEY SHEPPARD: All right. Thank you. No further questions.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Okay. Let's move on to closing statements and, uh, I would ask both Attorneys to

please keep your statements to 10 minutes or less and we'll start with, uh, Deputy DA Sowders.

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DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY SOWDERS: Commissioner. The District Attorney's Office position today is Mr. Enriquez still poses an uncertain risk of, uh, violence, and therefore this translates to being an unreasonable risk at this time. We based our decision primarily on the Governor's concerns dated as -- based on his letter of April 2019 and Dr. Chen's comments and current risk assessment. To point out, the District Attorney's position on parole is, is left to the responsibility to Parole Division. However, I have consulted with trial lawyers who worked with Mr. Enriquez and they are supportive of Mr. Enriquez and his, and his ongoing assistance both to them, other prosecutors, and law enforcement agencies. However, our division is, uh, has records available that they don't, but I wanted to point that out that they are supportive of him. Um, as I said, our position is based primarily on Governor's concerns, uh, in 2019, December 20- I'm sorry. April 2019 and Dr. Chen's comments in her report. Um, we agree with Governor's concerns as stated in his April 12, 2019 reversal letter. We do believe that only 13 months has passed and that is not sufficient time to resolve the issues the Governor has raised, which we consider

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legitimate. We also had given great weight to the input of the victim's families, primarily Ms. Galvadan's family, Galvadan's family, both as to the impact on their lives, the murder of their daughter, cousin, and parent has caused them in anguish and also this <inaudible> parole suitability, this is consistent with California Parole law. We gave great consideration to Dr. Chen's 2020 risk assessment, but we believe that Mr. Enriquez still remains an uncertain risk. Dr. Chen's opinion is based on a comparison with other life prisoners and uses the, uh, the, uh, the risk assessment of high, moderate, low and <inaudible> are low. We're not sure that one size fits all for this category and Mr. Enriquez case is somewhere in a different category. His case is unique. Um, we note that Dr. Chen questions his motives. Says that his motives, uh, for prosocial actions may not be altruistic. Uh, I think that was a, an appropriate comment and observation by the Doctor. Uh, we're greatly concerned by his current Static-99 score. The psychologist issued that stat-- administered that Static-99 score. It's not an idiolect. They're not measuring what he was like at age 21. It's a measure for him now that would help the Board of Parole terms-Prison Hearings decide whether he has a elevated risk as for, to sexually re-offend. Dr. Chen finds him the 12, top 12% of sex offenders and says that's only, that may only be

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slightly inflated. He is above average. Um, we are concerned that his, uh, Dr. Chen is concerned that Mr. Enriquez's insight is not what it should be as far as sex crimes. Mr. Enriquez consistently attributes his sexual crimes, the fact that he was a victim and he somehow ended up identifying with the aggressors. Dr. Chen points out that, uh, identifying with the aggressors, uh, is improbable for, uh, for sex offenders. And then there's not, there's not, let me say, accurate insight. He needs to develop more insight cause it's not probable that his crime could cause because he identified with the aggressors and he's, um, when he was sexually assaulted. His antisocial personality disorder with narcissistic features is of great concern to us and it continues. All these things that I've just mentioned contribute to current uncertainty risk. I agree with the Governor that Mr. Enriquez's extremely violent past remains relevant to the issue of current risks and hopefully, you'll take some time to look at the police reports in this matter if you haven't done so already from LAPD. His comments concerning the crimes from, you get some witness statements are shocking, and the level of violence he displayed is shocking. Um, because of the and-because the extent of his change, we believe is indiscernible at this point and remains uncertain. We oppose parole today. Thank you.

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PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Thank you. Counsel.

ATTORNEY SHEPPARD: Thank you. First, I want to speak to age. Um, there's Mr. Enriquez's age at the current time, 57, which we know is an age that reduces recidivism. There's also the age at which he suffered complex trauma. This is a factor that has to be given great weight in youth offender cases, but a factor that in all cases, um, should be taken seriously in terms of understanding why a person, um, goes down the road of criminality and also what it takes to come back from that. Um, complex trauma such as sexual abuse, um, physical abuse, just all those, those forms of childhood, uh, abuse including being jumped into a gang at age 12 and being surrounded by violence at a very young age. Uh, those things don't change until the person who suffered them makes a conscious decision to seek out change and to seek out healing. And, um, though that complex trauma helps us understand Mr. Enriquez and why he became capable of the levels of violence, um, that he did. And again, that doesn't take away from his personal responsibility for it, but it helps us understand both how it happened and how it can be undone, how he can change himself. And we see over the last 15 years a great deal of dedication and effort on Mr. Enriquez's part to get the healing that he needs through group self-help, through self-study, through therapy in the mental health

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program, especially over the last three years addressing, um, that sexual abuse, that it took him a long time to be ready to disclose. Uh, you know, the panel and the Governor's concerns three years ago where this is a new disclosure, have you really addressed it? Well, now we have years of effort where he has addressed it. So, I would disagree with the District Attorney that there's been imperceptible improvement. I would say there's a significant improvement there. Um, another kind of youthful factor that does need to be looked into, um, I want to quote from one of the FAD psychologists, um, by the name of Dr. Donna Robinson. I'm sure the panel's familiar with her. She has written that developmental arrest often accompanies severe drug abuse. It's not surprising that an inmate's conduct does not substantially improve until he's been clean and sober for an extended period of time. Uh, and in Mr. Enriquez's case, that's a very clear indicator of why, um, he pursued and, and continued in his criminal, uh, behavior and mentality for as many years as he did. Uh, it wasn't until he got clean and sober that he was able to get that healing from his complex trauma and grow into the man that he's always been capable of being. Um, but we do have the most recent 15 years, which is not an insignificant period of time, um, that he's been so dedicated in able to gain that growth.

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Um, some other factors that favor suitability, uh, and are certainly part of the board's calculus are his signs of remorse, which have been longstanding and sincere. They've been shown in his affect today, in the many apology letters he's written over the years and most importantly in his behavior, both his changes that he's made to himself and his efforts to make amends, um, in really extraordinary, um, and, um, significant ways that have endangered him. Uh, those are efforts to try to, as he said, balance the scales a little bit. Not that it will ever make things right for the victim's families, but that because of his remorse for hurting those families, he's trying to do what he can to bring closure to other families and to stop other crimes from happening, uh, to prevent that cycle. Uh, acceptance of responsibility. He's accepted full responsibility for a very long time and as I asked him to address in as blunt a term as I could, he does not blame anyone else. Um, whether it be the gang or his abusive brother or the father, he doesn't blame anyone for his choices. Um, those descriptions help us understand why he became capable of making those choices because many of us are simply not capable, but capability is not the same thing as action and Mr. Enriquez admits he took those actions. Um, one specific point I want to make with regards to insight is, um, Dr. Chen's statement that she,

um, doesn't buy his, his insight about sexual abuse. And I wrote this in my rebuttal that I, uh, submitted to the board, but I just don't understand where she's coming from because I've done a great deal of research into what makes a person into a pedophile or a sexual abuser or sexual offender and the victim to perpetrator cycle is a very, very common, um, understanding of why that happens. And, and you know, nobody knows for sure, but there've been multiple studies that have been done that prove that there is a higher incidence of childhood sexual victimization among perpetrators. So—

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Ms. Sheppard, Ms.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Ms. Sheppard, Ms. Sheppard, I apologize, we lost, uh, the Figueroa family.

ATTORNEY SHEPPARD: I can pause.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Let's just pause for a
moment.

ATTORNEY SHEPPARD: Sure.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Do you want to go-

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: The time limit.

ATTORNEY SHEPPARD: This happened in my last hearing as well. We lost the Commissioner in the middle of my closing.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: You want to go off the record, Commissioner?

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Um, let's see if they

come right back in. 1 2 VICTIM'S SON MONTENEGRO: I'll shoot 'em a text. See what's going on. 3 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: 4 Thank you. Thank you. I 5 just didn't want to continue without them being on. The 6 joys of social distancing. Deputy DA Sowders, do you want 7 to try calling them or --? 8 DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY SOWDERS: I'm sorry, I don't 9 have their number. 10 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Okay. I know Mr. 11 Montenegro has tried to text them, but... VICTIM'S SON MONTENEGRO: Okay. So, they're telling me 12 13 they lost the connection and they're having trouble 14 signing back in. 15 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Okay. Well, we'll just 16 give them, uh, they're going to keep trying, I take it. 17 VICTIM'S SON MONTENEGRO: Yes. DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: 18 Shall we go ahead and go off the record? 19 20 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: I guess so. DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: 21 Okay. 22 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: It's 11:01. DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: 23 We're off the record. 24 25 [RECESS]

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: We're back on the record.

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presiding commissioner long: Okay. It is 11:16 hours. We have everybody back on that was here previously and the Figueroa family has now connected via audio as the Skype connection was not working for the video, uh, but we have everybody present and so we'll proceed with, uh, the closing statement by Ms. Sheppard.

ATTORNEY SHEPPARD: Thank you. All right. So, as I was saying, uh, the victim to perpetrator cycle of sexual abuse is not only well known, um, but, uh, documented in scientific studies and I did submit to, uh, the board some abstracts, some of those to just back up what I'm seeing there. Um, and then the other insight issue that I wanted to address was the issue of narcissism because District Attorney Sowders mentioned that and, uh, we talked about it at length here today, Commissioner -- uh, Mr. Enriquez, um, talked about everything he's learned. I think he demonstrated himself to be a humble and respectful person here today. And then I just want to point to what Dr. Chen wrote on page 18 of evaluation. That, quote, in some ways, his narcissistic traits serve him well in this area as the current group he seeks status from tend to be law-abiding and even law-enforcing individuals. Thus, he's more likely to try to gain status and seek approval by engaging in

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prosocial behavior at this time in his life. So, even if any of that narcissism remains in Mr. Enriquez's character makeup, it's the expert opinion of a forensic psychologist that that trait is now actually going to serve him well and lead him towards prosocial behavior. Uh, next suitability factors, his disciplinary record, it's been well discussed. He's been completely sober and disciplinary free for 15 years. Uh, and I just want to highlight that termination of his SDG status, which as we know is extremely rare. Um, I'm assuming Commissioner Long as a former warden that you're well aware of how rare that is. Um, and in Mr. Enriquez's file, you see continual confidential information coming up, all of it relating to his past gang activity. And yet it's been so well established that that activity is completely rejected and of the past that they were able to terminate his status. Um, institutional activity designed to enhance his ability to function in society. That's a suitability factor under the code. It's been well covered in terms of his self-help both in um, prison programs and self-study and mental health therapy, uh, and all of this, the disciplinary record, the, um, uh, ways that he makes amends, the institutional activity. Those are all part of a category that we now call inmate change. And it's simply undeniable that his change has been dramatic and truly 180 degrees

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from where he once was. That brings me to plans for parole. They-- discussed confidentially, I think that the panel should be satisfied and hopefully the Governor as well that those plans are realistic and safe. Um, Dr. Chen agreed. She wrote that he, quote, appropriately intends to utilize professional services in the community. He has more than adequate personal support and even <unintelligible> plans to address his potential for relapse and he has adequate coping resources. Um, Mr. Enriquez has also well demonstrated how he's going to stay safe from whatever threat the Mexican Mafia may pose to him on his release. Um, and I just want point one thing out with regard to kind of opposition in the community and with all due respect to the victim's next of kin, the petition that they submitted, so many signatures on, it says, quote, he will have served only 16 years when he is up for parole. So, all of those signatures were, were given under false pretenses because as the panel note, Mr. Enriquez has served almost 30 years, um, 27 of those in State Prison and a couple of years before that in County jail. Um, so, that, that petition is simply not accurate. Uh, and I want to point out that we also submitted a petition. So, there are a large number of community members who are, um, supportive of Mr. Enriquez's release, um, dramatic change and his efforts to make amends by

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helping law enforcement. Lastly, the risk assessment. I've covered all the suitability factors, but the risk assessment is another important piece of evidence and as you, uh, well covered that Dr. Chen concluded he's a low risk, um, for violence. And I just want to highlight this quote where she says, quote, his age and stable behavior for many years now serve as indicators that he is unlikely to struggle with antisocial peer influences, seek status through negative behaviors or use violence or sexual violence to earn status. So, if that doesn't cover the exact things that once made him a danger to the public, I don't know what does and Dr. Chen's opinion may just be one opinion, but it's a very valuable one. It's one that the board typically gives a great deal of weight to, um, and it can be added as well to the opinions of, uh, at least eight of your colleagues, four other parole boards. Um, those again are just opinions, but they're ones that should be given great weight, a great deal of people. And, and I'll lastly point to the myriad of law enforcement officials who may have never given a, a support letter, um, asking for the parole of a lifer in their careers. And yet for Mr. Enriquez, they're willing to do so. Um, I point to the expert report, um, that was submitted, it's in the 10-day file by Brian Perry, who's a former, uh, retired FBI, retired, um, CDCR and, um, he offers his,

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his, um, expert witness testimony essentially from decades of knowing Mr. Enriquez and seeing that transformation in him, uh, to say that he believes that it, it, uh, Mr. Enriquez no longer poses, uh, an unreasonable danger or really any danger to the public. So, all of these are just opinions, but they're certainly myriad, they're certainly based on, um, education experience, uh, both professionally and directly with Mr. Enriquez. Uh, and then lastly about the CRM. Sorry, I forgot. I'm going to come back to this. The Static-99, uh, District Attorney Sowders, with all due respect to him, he's mistaken. Um, this is a static test. It measures, um, how those static factors speak to his dangerousness at a certain point in time. And that point in time when he was released on the index offense, which in this case happened in 1986, he was released at age 21. Um, if that test could be administered with his current age as the number on the test, he would be receiving minus three points instead of a positive one point and as the panel may know, if you've ever looked at the test, it comes down a very small numbers. Um, he may have a total score of say six on the Static-99 as it was completed by Dr. Chen. If it could be done with his current age, it might be a score three or two, right? Depending on how she scored other factors. Um, and I've, I've pointed to some factors that she might not have

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gotten correct on that either. Um, but either way, we note that the recidivism rates for sex offenders, um, after the fifth decade of life and after, uh, receiving sex offender treatment are known to be below 1%. The same as the rate for lifers who've been released by this board and this Governor. Um, so, those factors speak in favor of releasing Mr. Enriquez. So, I think that covers everything. Um, he's, he's been in prison for nearly 30 years and no amount of time can make up for Cynthia's life or Dave Gallegos' life or the damage done to Mr. Buenrostros, or to be honest, the many other victims of the Mexican Mafia that Mr. Enriquez may have had a hand in. Um, but Mr. Enriquez has done more than almost any other offender I've ever heard of to try to make amends and to try to balance the scales for the harm that he's done. And most importantly, he's changed himself and he's no longer an unreasonable risk of danger to the public. Thank you.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Thank you. So, Mr. Enriquez, this is your opportunity to make a closing statement if you wish.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Thank you. Um, most importantly, I'd like to apologize to the victims. To the families, the surviving family members of Cynthia, uh, Galvadan, and David Gallegos. Nothing that I say today or nothing that

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I've done in the past, no amount of self-help, no amount of apology letters or remorse letters can take away the pain that I've caused you. I know this. This is a difficult process for you and I apologize for you having to go through it. Everything that I do today is in honor of your daughter, of your cousin, of your mother, and I apologize to you. I'm ashamed of what I'd done to you. I'm ashamed of what I'd done to Cynthia and David. I can't undo that, but I live my life today in honor of them. Everything that I do is in honor of them. My testimony in court is to stop the Mexican Mafia. My helping others is to prevent them from committing the cycle of violence that I committed. Everything that I did, I did to change in my own personal life. I get that you don't, sometimes, you sometimes don't believe what I'm saying. I get that you resentful, for law enforcement writing me support letters. I get that you questioned my motive and my sincerity. I even get that you questioned my devotion to Christianity, but what I, I truly hope today is, is that you understand that I am ashamed of what I had done to you. I'm sorry for what I've done to you and no words can ever undo that. I understand that. The man that I used to be didn't deserve to sit in front of you today and ask for parole. Didn't deserve that consideration. I understand that. However, I'm no longer than individual. Today, I'm a changed man

and I can finally say that I'm a decent man. I've changed my life. I've embraced nonviolence, prosocial activity, sobriety and recovery. I've accepted Christ as my savior and I will no longer ever, ever commit an act that would violate the rights of anybody. I'm cognizant of the fact that I did a lot of wrong in my past. I can't change the past. Those are static factors. I can't change my history, but I can do is create my future though, and I do that every day. I work it out myself and working to help other people. I ask today for your mercy. That's all I ask for. I ask that you find me suitable. Thank you.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Thank you. So, now it's, uh, victim's next of kin who would like to make a statement. Who would like to go first?

VICTIM'S COUSIN RODRIGUEZ: Yes, um, Amanda

Rodriguez will go first. Following me is Cynthia, Richard,

Robert and then Ray. So, I'll go first.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Okay. Very good.

VICTIM'S COUSIN RODRIGUEZ: Good morning and thank you for allowing me to speak at this parole hearing. I would like to first thank various organizations that helped the Figueroa family, including parents of murdered children, justice for murdered children, crime stoppers, justice for homicide victims, family and friends of homicide victims and so many others. Without their

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support, we would have really fallen apart and I thank them. My name is Amanda Rodriguez. I am the victim, Cynthia's cousin. If you have never had a murder in your family, I'm here to tell you it is a living nightmare. One that we have been forced to live with. Thanks to this inmate sitting in front of us. No one knows what it's like to, no one knows what it does to a family. I walk in those shoes every day of my life. I see my cousin, Raymond Figueroa, go through this nightmare each day and it breaks my heart. He will always have rage, anger, sadness, a broken heart, hate and unanswered questions. But as I said, it is a nightmare given to him and his grandchildren, not by his choice but by the one sitting in front of you. No father wants to bury a child, let alone one that has been executed. Cynthia was a very sweet and loving person. Her children have missed out on a lot. Most of all, not having a mother's love. After all, there is no love as a mother's. I think about things her children have missed out on. When I've worked at Disneyland, I would see mothers waiting in line for a front row seat for their children to see the parade and see Mickey and Minnie. I would see mothers running to catch up to a character so her children could take a picture. Cynthia was never able to do those little things. As a foster mother, I am a team [PH] mother and cheer for the little girl I have. There is

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nothing like seeing a child hit the ball and run to the base. When they get there, they look for a mom in the, in the stand. Her children miss out on that and along with so much more. Life is a gift given to all of us by our maker. This inmate has no regard for life. Why he wanted to make an example of my cousin Cynthia, I will never know, nor do I want to. Saying he was going to give her a ride to hell, how horrible and doing all of this while on parole. He has no regard for life, laws or rules given to him. When I look at him, I say to myself, so is this what the devil looks like? If released, I will live in fear. Why? It's no secret that the Mexican Mafia wants him dead. What's to say I'm in line at the grocery store and this inmate is behind me. They know he is there. They shoot to kill. They don't take aim and how many innocent people will get the hit. I'm asking that you please do not grant his parole. I don't trust him and wonder what horrible thing he would do. Anything good he may have done does not make up for all the bad, horrible and hateful things he has done. As a Christian woman, I know I have to forgive him for the murder of Cynthia. I have not been able to do that. The hate I have for him has been replaced with other, other feelings. I do know and believe that his real judgment day will be when he dies and he stands in front of God as his name is being looked for in the Lamb's book of life. I

wonder if this inmate thinks his name will be there. Thank you and God bless all of you.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Okay. Thank you.

VICTIM'S COUSIN RODRIGUEZ: Okay. I'm going to hand
it over to my cousin, Cynthia.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Very good.

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VICTIM'S COUSIN LUA: I am in awe as to why we stand here today. How was it after all the heinous crime this inmate has committed, he gets the opportunity of possible parole. I believe people should have a second chance in life, but this inmate has his parole granted before and in only five days of parole, he ordered Cynthia's execution. His psychopathic criminal instincts will always be within. This inmate must be kept off the streets so he can't hurt another. The thought of this inmate's release is a living nightmare for our family and the many people who have acknowledged this action by signing the petition against the possibility of his parole being overlooked and granted. It's like reliving the day of Christmas Eve, 1989, over and over every time that's brought up to the board for review. It's just not right. The life of Cynthia is remembered every day, the manner in which she was tortured and the life she should have lived. Her murder has left a void in our lives that remains today as it did on the date of her death. I still don't

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understand why you had to execute my cousin, Cynthia. It just goes to show what a cold-blooded calculated murder you really are. Cynthia didn't deserve to die the way she did. She died a very lonely and violent death. No one should have to die that way. It seems to me taking a life comes way too easy for this inmate. Mr. Enriquez, how many more lives have you taken with no remorse? There is no healing on what you imposed on our family and the countless people hurt by the dreadful crimes you committed over the year. Our family will never be the same. Nothing can change the past. There is no protocol here. Just react now. Learn to be a man with all your new pure motive. It is time for your reign of terror to come to an end. Mr. Enriquez, elite warrior, mastermind criminal that you are, I hope you rot in prison and even that is too good for you. Life in prison is exactly where you deserve to be for, for the admitted premeditated crimes you so vividly recall about with glorification in your book and YouTube presentations. This inmate remains a serious - Hello? This inmate remains a serious threat.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: We, we can hear you.

VICTIM'S COUSIN LUA: Okay. This inmate remains a serious threat to society. Any thought of granting this parole will be an immense danger to the public safety.

Therefore, I implore mercy for humanity by keeping inmate

Enriquez exactly where he is to serve the remainder of his life sentence to the fullest extent of the law. We can't change the past. We can choose to collaborate to keep individuals such as Mr. Enriquez away from our families and neighborhoods. The question here is, do you want such a person to live in your neighborhoods? Better yet, would you like it if this inmate took your daughter or loved one for a ride? Mr. Enriquez, you should be ashamed of yourself blaming your, your parents for, uh, for the abuse after the, after they're gone. Shame on you, Mr. Enriquez. Take, be a man and take, take responsibility for your actions. It's time.

VICTIM'S COUSIN RODRIGUEZ: Okay. She's done. So,
I'll move the phone over to, to Richard. One moment.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Thank you.

ATTORNEY SHEPPARD: Commissioners, would you remind the VNOK's that they need to direct to their comments to the panel and not to my client?

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Yes, please, please
direct your comments to us on the impact of the crime.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Thank you.

VICTIM'S COUSIN RODRIGUEZ: You're talking to the board, not him.

VICTIM'S COUSIN FIGUEROA: I don't know why I
can't rejoin. Hello?
PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Hello. We can hear you.
Is this Richard?
VICTIM'S COUSIN FIGUEROA: Okay. Um, okay. Okay.
Um, um I'm sorry.
PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: There's a, there's an
echo going on. I think we, we got a second. We have a
second login.
VICTIM'S COUSIN FIGUEROA: Okay. Can you hear me?
Excuse me, on, uh, Skype?
PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Uh, say that again.
Hello?
DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: You
PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Deputy DA Sowders, you
still there?
DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY SOWDERS: Yes, I'm still
here.
PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Okay. Mr. Montenegro,
you're still here as well?
VICTIM'S SON MONTENEGRO: Yes, I am.
PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: So, what happened is
they logged in twice, so they had a weird echo. Um, and
then we lost them. So, I don't know if we can, they can
only log in once.

VICTIM'S SON MONTENEGRO: I'm letting them know that. 1 2 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Thank you so much. DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: 3 Should we go off the record, Commissioner Long? 4 5 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Uh, let's give them a 6 minute. 7 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Okay. Here they come. 8 VICTIM'S COUSIN FIGUEROA: Uh, gentlemen, can you 9 hear me? PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: 10 We can hear you. Is 11 this Richard? VICTIM'S COUSIN FIGUEROA: 12 Okay. Yeah, sorry about 13 that. Technology. 14 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Okay. We can hear you do, uh, want to go ahead and proceed with your, uh, with 15 16 your statement? 17 VICTIM'S COUSIN FIGUEROA: Yeah. PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: 18 Okav. VICTIM'S COUSIN FIGUEROA: 19 Um, so, first, I would 20 just like to say that, uh, please forgive me if I seem all 21 over the place. I didn't write out, um, a statement. Um, 22 so, I just wrote down some notes, uh, um, as this, uh, 23 hearing was going on. So, uh, but secondly, um, I'd like to thank the DA for his words. Um, the family here totally 24 25 agrees 100% with what the DA, um, has said. Um, as far as

the petition, as far as the petition, Ms., um, Sheppard, am I saying that correctly? Hello?

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PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Yeah. Yeah, you are.

Um, I'd, I'd ask you to, to keep your, uh, your comments,

uh, really to the impact of the crime not directed to...

VICTIM'S COUSIN FIGUEROA: Right. I would just, I just wanted to make sure I was getting the name correct. Um, as Ms. Sheppard, um, said that, um, the petition was misleading because it says, it stated that he only served 16 years. That's not totally 100% accurate. If, if, um, one was to read at the beginning of the petition that says on December 24th of '89, um, that the inmate has been arrested and convicted of these and have been and have been incarcerated since then. So, if you did the math, you would know it was over 16 years. Um, I'm not sure, but it does say that, uh, he will have served only 16 years when he is up for parole. It does say that, uh, for, for this crime. Um, I'm not sure why that is in there, but, but then again, I'm not sure, um, what year the inmate has first went up for parole. So, I'm assuming that it, that's where the 16 years come from. That from the conviction to the time he first went up to parole that that established the 16 years, but, um, nevertheless, like I said at the top of the petition that says that since '89, his conviction, and if you did and he's been incarcerated

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since then, if one did the math, they would figure out that it was more than just 16 years. So, um, I just wanted to, uh, clarify on that. Um, I don't have in front of me the transcripts of last year's, uh, oh, yeah, that reminds me. When I first told, after the 20, 2018? 2018 parole hearing, I told my uncle that I wasn't gonna waste my time going to another parole hearing because of the simple fact that what we experienced at that parole hearing, the humiliation where this inmate, uh, said the word freaking and how the board members, how his Attorney were all in, how the inmate was laughing at that and how my family sat there at all, wasn't laughing, even a CO or, and the, um, the lady who was given to us by the state, the, uh, the victim supporter, I think her name was Maria. She wasn't laughing at all either. So, we did not find it at all amusing just because this inmate said the word freaking. It was not, it was not amusing to us. We're talking about murder here, not just one. A few murders and a rape, not just one rape, two rapes. He was disgusting to us. It was disrespect. We found it disrespectful to us. So, that's why two of my uncle I was gonna, because to me, it seemed that the parole board already had their minds made up and that they were on this inmate's side to begin with. But then I saw the hurt and, uh, I saw in his eyes the hurt of what I was saying cause I told them I was going to, uh,

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attend no more. I was just going to go straight to the Governor's Office and send letters or drop off letters and try to plead to him. But after I saw what the reaction of my uncle, I told him that I would attend these parole hearings. And I actually gave him my word that even after my uncle passes away, I will continue to be there for the family, to try to do everything within my power with a, with a blessing of the most high God to keep this individual behind bars. Um, also, um, no, I don't, I don't know, I don't know miss, I don't know the brother Enriquez personally, I don't walk and talk with him. So, I really don't know, you know, if he has been a changed man. Yes, he is, uh, has his, uh, all I know is what has been out there on YouTube, reading transgress, uh, transcripts, and so on and so forth. Um, but what I do know is from that 2018 hearing, that his spirit ratted him out, his words ratted, ratted them out to me, spoke loudly to me, and told me that he was being phony and fake. Just like right now, he's crying, not genuine. I was like, I don't have any hate towards, towards the, towards the brother, I really don't. But what I do hate is the fake and phoniness. That's what I despise. And the lack of repentance, that's what I despise. Yes, you took my cousin from me. Yes, I was very young and I didn't really grasp the, the concept of it, but just seeing how it affects my

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uncle and other family members, yes, it does. I do get emotional over it, but it doesn't really bring hate into my heart, mind and soul. What I reject is the fake and phoniness and the lack of repentance in that gentleman. Um, you know, he sat here and talked about, um... That's, that's from that point of the hearing, he said that his mom was a victim. This parole hearing, he's talking about his mom taught him how, how those evil traits that he has. I don't know. It sounds like the cat can't get the story straight. Still. So, that still reminds, tells me that fake and phoniness. Um, and I think that your quote on, well, let me rephrase that. I think the inmate's quote, unquote apology to us is, is, I hate to say this one and, and I hope that it, I'm not trying to dog the inmate out. I'm just speaking truth be told that apology, phony. The crime, phony. And I don't say that out of anger or hatred. I say that out of truth be told. Uh, the inmate wants to talk about, uh, talk about the apostle, Paul. But then again, even the devil quoted from scriptures. So, let that one sink in. Um, my, my uncle told me I went out and I got some, um, signatures for the petitions too, also, um, and I got some negative feedback about, you know, uh, past board members granting him parole and the only reason why, uh, he's still locked up is because of the heavenly Father and, uh, the Governor. But my uncle also, he tells me and

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I, uh, to be honest, I only grabbed four signatures. You know, that my, that's my bad, but whatever, but my uncle and everybody else gathered many more signatures than I did. So, but from what my uncle tells me is the response of the public. Yes, the inmate has a lot of, uh, uh, letters and applause from the board members and his lawyers and pleasing this institution and that institution, so on and so forth. But from the public, the people who are going to, who would be out here, and you have stayed there, you know, those institutions, they're, they're considered the public too, yes. But from the everyday cat hunting the work to support their families and, and make ends meet, they were appalled from what my uncle tells me from their reaction that they want the, the board has granted this cat, uh, parole many times before. So, um, there's the flip, there's, there's, uh, two sides to every story. There's two sides to every coin. It could mean like, even now, perfect example, even now, what's going on in the world. They released inmates early, cats who -- sex offenders. And what did they do? You guys know the answer. They reoffended. Short, short time after they're released. Even, even this inmate, even, he even offended a short time after his -- he was still on parole. So, who's to say that he won't? Nobody, nobody truly knows except for God and Enriquez. I mean, I mean Rene. They're

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the only ones that truly know. We can just assume and hope to God that he doesn't. Um, please be patient. I'm trying to move here quickly. I know you guys want to get out of here. Uh, the inmate also stated, uh, uh, that he helped, um, in the name of goodness and to do the right thing but then, in his statement, he said that now, today at this hearing, that he said now, that he's doing it for good. Well, why were you, why was he doing it before? We all know the reason. Cause you wanted to get out. That's the only reason why he was doing it. I remember from, uh, the last parole hearing that one of the prisons, I'm not going to, well, let me see. How can I word this? I was told by an employee at the, at the prison, well, actually, all of us were told, um, that this inmate used to go away for his parole hearings with a suit and tie, looking sharp, trying to represent. Now, the following year, he walks in with a safety vest, with a cane, portraying that he's disabled. What's going on here? I understand that, you know, things, situations happens, things changes, but you know what? Fake and phoniness. A lack of repentance. True remorse. That's what's going on here. And I would like to, I'm going to close this up right now. I like this, I want to read, re-comment about, to let the inmate know and I know my family is probably going to get pissed at me right now for saying this, but there's no hatred, no anger coming

at, at that inmate because he took away my cousin. It is the phoniness, the lies, the deception, the lack of repentance, the remorse, the lack of remorse that got me riled up. Yes, I miss my cousin. Yes, I wish I would, uh, she would be in here so I would have get to known her like all my other cousins. I guess that's all I have to say.

Uh...

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Thank you.

VICTIM'S COUSIN FIGUEROA: Um, I think it's, I think, I think Robert is up next.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Go ahead, Robert. And I would ask you guys to again, uh, state your full name and your relationship to the victims and spell the last name so the transcriber knows.

VICTIM'S SON MONTENEGRO: Okay. You can hear me,
correct?

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Yes, I can hear you.

VICTIM'S SON MONTENEGRO: Okay. So, my name is Robert, Robert Montenegro, and I'm the victim's son. So, excuse me if I pause or take my time during this. It's not something that's comfortable for me at all and, um, and, uh, I don't have a prepared statement, so, um...

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Please take your time.

VICTIM'S SON MONTENEGRO: Thanks. Um, so, I think

we're all familiar with the Governors, both Governors, um,

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letters or statements overturning the decision. Uh, I don't think I could word it any better than everything that they've mentioned in both of those letters. I agree 100%. Um, I almost did not take part in this year's hearing because I feel, uh, in some cases similar to what Richard mentioned in my kind of, uh, disappointment with, uh, uh, know, because I do, uh, believe that, um, things are going to turn out the same way in years past and I sometimes feel that these statements and me reliving this situation, time and time again is a waste of time. So, I'll quickly mention a few things of how I feel, uh, uh, based on this year's proceedings. Um, I know that the inmate had mentioned child abuse, sexual abuse, and his childhood for some of the reasons why he is who he is and had made the decisions that he's made. However, uh, his actions and his decisions really gave me a terrible childhood. My, we've dealt with same things he has in some cases, gang members, child, childhood trauma, my sister has dealt with sexual abuse, but we still have to all make decisions. Everybody has a story. Everybody has a past. Everybody has childhood trauma. We still have the decision be a good or a bad person. And that's what me and my sister have to continue to try to do. And it's unfortunate that we keep having as much as we want to put this past us, we have to continue to relive this almost every year.

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Um, I also heard the inmate mentioned that his goal in doing all these changes and making all these changes that he's mentioned to the board is because that he just wants to be a good person and I don't think anybody can deny that he has made changes with taking classes and helping other inmates. However, um, I mean, I just think I'm, I, who wouldn't, yeah, I'm sure he has plenty of time to do that, to make the changes that he has, that he's made. Um, and if his own goal is to just be a good person and to get right with God, um, it should be sufficient of what he has and how he feels as a man today and I don't think getting out of prison is, um, would be necessary if his only goal is to be a good person. He could be a person right where he's at and, uh, serve out the rest of his sentence. And furthermore, with that being said, I can offer him my forgiveness right now because me and my sister had made that decision. We don't want, do not want to carry that with us anymore. It's been hard enough to deal with this throughout life. And I think that would be the ultimate apology for him or, or, or remorse is just accepting that as enough as being right with God, being right with one of his victim's family members and continuous on his sentence. I don't think that getting out of prison and enjoying his family and his children, his grandchildren, his wife and the freedoms should be the goal or is even

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right. I think if he is true to what he's saying, the forgiveness and the fact that he's good with God and all of the improvements that he's made within himself should be sufficient in making him whole as a man. Uh, I also met, heard that, heard in his statement I believe that he has issued apologies, apology letters and he's been remorseful. Uh, I've never received an apology or an apology letter, so I don't know who he wrote these apology letters to. So, I don't know if that's true, what he meant by that, but I clearly didn't receive one. I hope that these statements serve some type of impression on the board in their decision-making process. And I hope that the right thing is done here without us having to get the terrible news of another approval and going through the same process of waiting for the Governor to overturn it. That's all I have.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Thank you very much.

Uh, who would like to go next? Would anybody else like to make a victim's impact statement?

VICTIM'S SON MONTENEGRO: Are they still on?

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: They look on, they

might be on mute. Looks like there's still on.

VICTIM'S SON MONTENEGRO: Because I know there's one
more person so...

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Isn't it Mr. Figueroa?

1 Mr. Raymond Figueroa? 2 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Yeah. DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: 3 The father. PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: 4 Yeah. 5 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: Okay. 6 VICTIM'S COUSIN FIGUEROA: Can you hear us? 7 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: We can hear you now. 8 VICTIM'S COUSIN FIGUEROA: Okay. Thank you very 9 much. VICTIM'S FATHER FIGUEROA: 10 My name is Raymond 11 Figueroa. I am Cynthia's father. I write this letter with 12 the emotions of hate, anger and a void missing in my life. 13 My life was forever changed when I received the phone call 14 that my beautiful Cindy, body was found in a vacant lot. 15 Cindy, shot between the eyes, and chest, her arms crossed 16 on her chest. She was left there as a piece of trash. No 17 father wants to ever view your child in a coffin, 18 especially one that was premeditated execution, and 19 there's a big difference. I want you people that hear 20 this, all of you. There's a big difference in getting killed in a car accident, heart disease, plane crash, but 21

getting executed, they only do that in war, and we weren't

maggot's actions. I'm so overwhelmed in anger right now. I

in war when this happened. This was my 27-year-old

firstborn child. My family has been destroyed by this

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get, you're going to have to excuse me, but I'd been holding this in for 30 years. Reliving it every day, every minute of every day. All I have is a picture of my daughter on the wall. That's all I have left. Here I am once again. The last hearing was appalling, distasteful and unprofessional. All I heard was concerns for this inmate who is worse than a cockroach. I have to say that. How do you like your glasses, Mr. Enriquez? How is your back feeling? How is your kneecaps doing? My family and I listen, listen to laughing and joking between the parole board and the inmate while we sat there baffled by what we were hearing. I'll tell you what, I'll tell you something else besides that. I'll leave it, I'll leave you with, I'll tell you to when I finish the letter. I ask you today to be respectful to my family. We represent one of the countless victims and I mean a lot of victims this inmate has traumatized. I heard several of this inmate's own remarks. He said my daughter was going to get a ride to hell and he was going to use my Cindy as an example. I want you board members to know that me and him are the same fruit that fell from the same tree. I grew up worse than this inmate. I grew up poor. I grew up in the project with a bunch of cockroaches. This guy grew up in a middleclass family. And also, he don't know it but I was two blocks from his, where he was raised when he was 12 years,

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10 years old. He's lying about his mother and father because I lived two blocks from him. I didn't know him personally, but the whole neighborhood knew about him. Getting back to this letter. This inmate asks us for mercy, he has a lot of gall asking for mercy. He gets on the Orange County register newspaper and says, he'll work at McDonald's. Please show me some mercy. I would say something worse and a better word for that, but I don't think you'd want to hear it. Still this and blaming his family for his childhood abuse as an excuse for the choices of crime he has made, he better join the human race. We all make choices in our life. You make choices in your life. All of you. I do. I grew up in gangs. I grew up in gangs before this guy was even born. This guy can't telling me about gangs and that lady lawyer of his can't tell me about gangs. She didn't even-- she don't know nothing about gangs. They didn't even jump in members in them days. I'm 28 years older than this inmate. I know. I've lived that life. I know the people he hung around with. I broke bread with Joe Morgan. I broke bread with David. He knows these people. I broke bread with Canote. I broke bread with Bogus Pete, and he knows that person. He better take that back to his cellie and tell his cellie about what I'm talking about. I grew up on the streets when I was in grammar school. This guy must have been

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looking at too many comic books. It was his ego that made him do what he did. He already admitted on paper killing between five and 10 people. I have all this paperwork in my kitchen. He, he did that rape that he admitted, he admitted to, he did that and then he raped that guy. How would you guys feel being raped in prison by so many guys and having to put his rear end back together again? And the 27-armed robberies that he did. How would you like to be behind the gun and him asking you for the money? You know what? I'm never going to get over this. If he can bring me back my daughter, then you'll be doing something for me. And that stabbing he did in his lawyer's office, him and that other guy, how would you feel if you had 27 holes in your body? And, and what about his family? His mother, his father, his, their children, his sisters. And again, and also that other guy in the holding cell when he got out of his handcuffs, they stabbed him 27 times. How would you like to be, had 27 holes in your body? This just doesn't go away. I don't care what he did for the Police Department. That is never, that isn't going to change nothing. You can always take the gang member out of the neighborhood, but you'll never take the gang member out of the neighborhood. The bird always goes back to his nest. I don't care what Doctor he sees, what all these programs he's been to. The only reason he did this is because he

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got tired of being locked up 23 hours a day and he couldn't finish to, he couldn't finish the finish line. Like his co-partner did, like Manson. He's another, uh, all these other killers. Like, like Simpson. The only good between Simpson and him, that Simpson had money and a good lawyer and that lawyer this guy's got, she don't know nothing but gangs. She was raised in the high rent district. Who does she know? She should have been born where I was born. Poor, living with a bunch of cockroaches in the projects. You people are want, and when I went out, I mean, God, these petitions, 5000 petitions in a month and two weeks. This means something. These people couldn't believe that you board members want to release this inmate. This guy, he is so smooth, he's talking that, this is three tops I'm telling you right now. He's talking out of the side of his neck. That day I've seen him in '80, he looked under the influence because you know why? I grew up with dope fiends. I grew up with people that use dope, any kind of dope, you know, I grew up with them kind of people. I did a lot of wrong in my life, but I straightened my life up. This guy has to pay for what he took from me. My grandkids, I don't even got a relationship with my grandkids because of this guy's decision, because he wanted to make an example out of my daughter. I want to tell you something and you, I want you

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to hear this. I've been there. I've been there with a gun in my head that my whole life was flashed through me within seconds. Can you imagine? No, I don't think you can imagine what she was thinking about when that gun was stuck in her head. She was probably thinking of me or her mother, her children, when they were six and eight years old that they didn't even get to know. You know what? Um, my daughter should be burying me. This guy has nothing coming because I lived that life, but I did not cross the line. This guy crossed the line. He knew what he wanted to do, his ego and he, and he wanting a reputation and his 15 minutes of fame. That's all he wanted and the only reason, and the only reason he's doing this is because he's tired of being locked up. That's plain and simple because I've been there. I lived that life and I know what I'm talking about. You people never lived that kind of life. You people never been around like, like him and me. All that gangsters he knew, I told you already I broke bread with them people. He didn't even know them people. Them people were 30 years older than him. He's glorifying that book that he sold and made all that money and do, and do you, do you think in '18 that he turned around and looked at my family and said, you know what, I'm sorry. All of a sudden, he's saying he's sorry for everything he did in his life, well in '18, he should do a turn around and say

I'm sorry. And with all that money that he made on that book, that stupid book of all that tragedy he left behind, do you think he, he turned around and says, you know what? When they asked him about the money, oh, I'm donating it to charity. Well, you know what? He donated it to the wrong people because — what's that law?

VICTIM'S COUSIN RODRIGUEZ: Marsy's law.

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VICTIM'S FATHER FIGUEROA: Marsy, he's lucky Marsy's law wasn't in effect because from this day forward I'm going to pursue this. I'm going back to the Governor and I'm going to pursue this to the day I died. This guy ain't going nowhere. I don't care what decision you come up with because you, Governor Brown and Newton [sic] are not on the same page. You want to give this guy like he's graduating from high school or something. All the accomplishments he did, he only did that because he wants to be released. Come on, man. Face reality. That's all he wants. He's tired of being locked up. He ain't got no decency for life, for nobody but himself and you think now that his family is dead, that he was raped, abused, he was only two years older than his older brother, think about it. He was a killer, man. He wanted to kill people. At 12 years old, he shot at a man and his daughter and he's lucky he didn't kill 'em, and I know one more thing I'm going to say before I finish my letter. I know also

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through the Grapevine when he was out that he killed two other women in East LA. I cannot prove it, but I want you peep, you board members to know that. Two other women that they didn't catch him on, you talked to him about that. You check up on that before he went back to prison in '93. I have a lot to say, man, that you people do not know. I knew the family, they didn't do that to him. This guy's lying. He's making up all these excuses. He's got an answer for everything. This guy should run for president. I will never forget what he did to my daughter, what she was thinking the last moments of her life because I've been there with a gun in my head. And you want to reward him because he helped, nothing's going to change. You'll always have gangs. It's been like that since the early 1900's, especially in New York. He ain't going to change nothing. He hasn't changed nothing. He comes out with these big fancy words that don't mean nothing, that are empty. Uh, but the only person that's speaking right is the DA. He's the one that gives me the right answers, man. Because you know what? I'm gonna take this till the hubcaps fall off. I'm going back to the Governor. If I got a, if I got to protest that whole building, I'm going to do it because this, I lost a daughter at 27 years old and if they can't give me back, you can let them lose. Do you know what? If you love, if your members believe in this

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guy so much when he's released, you can take him home and introduce him to your family, to your father, to your mother, to your daughter, invite him over for dinner, especially his lawyer. His lawyer, I wonder if she would let him, uh, buy a house next door to her. That ain't going to happen. And I'm going to finish my letter and I'll let you go cause I already know what your decision is going to be, but you know what? I'll finish it with a two more words and that'll be it. Still, this and this still, still this inmate asks me for mercy. Blaming his family, I think I already said that for his childhood abuse. Stabbing a guy 37 times, gang rape, prison rape, murder while being on parole for only five days, 27 armed robberies. There's people in that prison in there that got one murder who got 50 years. This guy ran the gamut. This guy did everything and you think of few programs, I've been through all them programs in my life and this guy got nothing coming, and in 2005, trying to smuggle in drugs in the prison, you forgot about that one and he shot up a family and a six year old baby was killed in that shooting. I didn't come here to look-- to see how this cockroach is feeling. This guy does not deserve to be alive. His ego is bigger than this room. Don't forget the loss infused in all the victims and their families and I'm talking about like I just mentioned, five to 10 murders

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that he already admit. What's the word you use, that inmate? I'll give you a generic number between five and turn, between five and 10 murders. I have to let this anger out of me. I've held it in for 30 years. You got to try to understand this. I can't live my life. I have no life. I'm dealing with this guy every year and a half and he's putting me through all this because he wanted to be a gangster? He's there, what else? He feels like, super well, I'm going to, they love the things. It feels like. What is this? Uh, Rene, you say? I feel like Superman turning into Clark Kent. Did you tell these board members that? I feel like the devil turning into an angel. What's the other one? I feel when I'm walking down the tier, I'm a cut above the rest. Yeah, you're a cut above the rest, all right. You couldn't do your time like everybody else did and they want to reward you. Well, you know what? Nobody gets rewarded. You want to step over dead bodies and get rewarded and these board members are looking at it that way. Well, I don't look at it that way. I'm missing a daughter here and they'll never go away because, because I'm still thinking the way, I'm still thinking what she was thinking of the last moments of her life. This guy has never displayed remorse or face me for my family, yet on the official name, red, Redcoat Factor, Retro <inaudible>, a general opinion, his opinion was he shouldn't be

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paroled. Currently, Governor Brown and Newton [sic] said he needed to remain locked up. This should tell you something. Again, do not let this inmate deceive you like he's doing now or the system this time around. One more thing before I end this. How could this guy get any write ups when you had him in protective custody knowing that he's got to go and see the board in another year and a half and I got to go deal with this guy again. He hurt a lot of people and I don't even have a life. I, I retired and I kind of need to be retired or live my life because I'm thinking I got to go through this mess with this, with this inmate. I think get better and that lawyer getting on Facebook saying he was innocent. Most people are innocent. You know what? She should invite him over for dinner to meet her family if he ever, if he ever gets released. That's all I have to say, and I will, I'm going to be a flea, like on a dog. Every time he scratches, he's going to remember me. That's all I have to say, and I'll see you. I'll thank, uh, thank you, board members for hearing me out the way I came up, but you're going to have to try to understand that I'm full of hatred and I am missing a 27 year old daughter. She would be 59 today. No birthdays and all I have left is a grave to go to. He has his kids, he's got money and I don't see no money, I don't, I'm going to see about that money bit too. I'm going to pursue

this to the end. I'm going to pursue everything that he's done and I'm going, and I got, I'm even lost for words anymore. I'm so angry. Well, thank you very much for listening to me, but you will see with that thing, that person — Oh, one more thing. I heard he said when he got out from being locked up for 23 years, I mean 23 hours a day running his feet through the grass, made him feel like he was reborn, well, he better get used to it. Because you know what? As long as I'm alive, he's going to be keep doing that until he turns into a dinosaur. That's all I have to say you board members and thank you very much for it.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Thank you.

VICTIM'S FATHER FIGUEROA: Putting up with what I have to say. Thank you very much.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Thank you. Would, uh,
Cynthia Lua like to make a statement also?

VICTIM'S COUSIN RODRIGUEZ: I'm sorry?

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Is there anybody else that would like to make a statement?

VICTIM'S COUSIN RODRIGUEZ: Uh, no, that's it.

PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Okay. I want to thank everybody. Uh, we'll recess now for deliberations, the Deputy Commissioner and I will, uh, drop out of the meeting. I'd ask everybody else to please remain on and

we'll return, uh, upon conclusion of our deliberations

ATTORNEY SHEPPARD: So, we stay on, uh, wait a second please.

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PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Yes, please. Stay on
the line and we'll, uh...

VICTIM'S FATHER FIGUEROA: Excuse me, uh, Mr. board member. I forgot one more thing. The most important thing. I forgot about my wife. My wife when my, when my daughter Cindy was born, our marriage only lasted two years. When he executed my daughter in '89, she has been locked up in her apartment since '89 up to this very day with two cats and a Bible. And she has aged like she's 85 and she's only 74. And that's another person that I lost. And she's scared of him getting out and she wouldn't even come out of her apartment. She's been locked up in her apartment. You, I want you board members to please understand what I am going through, man. I had no life. You think he has a life? He's been treated like, uh, like he's been to, he's been, he's been treated like a, a celebrity, like a movie star. But my wife is scared of this guy getting out that's why she won't go to the parole hearings with me or write a letter anymore. So, I'll end with that because I had forgotten about that. She's been locked up. He thinks he's been locked up, Cindy's mom has been locked up all these years since '89 when he executed

her, taking her right to hell. And I know where that quy 1 that shot her lives. I know he can hear me say that. San 2 3 Diego, not that far. ATTORNEY SHEPPARD: Hello. That's the end of it. What 4 5 happens now? 6 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Okay. So, we're going 7 to, uh, recess for deliberations. The Deputy Commissioner 8 and I will exit the meeting. We'll ask everybody else to remain in the meeting and, uh, once we conclude our 9 10 deliberations, we will come back on. 11 ATTORNEY SHEPPARD: So, um, I'm on a cell phone right now, so should I just leave it on and you're just going to 12 come back? 13 14 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Yeah, we'll come back. 15 ATTORNEY SHEPPARD: Okay. I'll just leave my phone 16 on. I won't turn it off or anything. Um, thank you. 17 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Okay. Thank you 18 everybody. The time is 12:30. 19 **DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR:** We're off the record. 20 21 22 23 [RECESS] 24 25

CALIFORNIA BOARD OF PAROLE HEARINGS

DECISION

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: We are back on the record.

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PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Okay. The date is May 6, 2020. The time is approximately 1300 hours. All parties present prior to panel's deliberations have returned. Mr. Enriquez, our legal standard today is we must determine if you continue to pose an unreasonable risk to public safety. And accordingly, a denial of parole must be based on evidence in the record of your current dangerousness. The evidence we consider today where your central master files, Comprehensive Risk Assessment conducted by Dr. Chen on March 19th of 2020, the testimony provided by you today, the statement from all the victim's family members, and also the input of Deputy District Attorney Sowders and inmate Counsel Ms. Shepherd. We did review the significant confidential information in your file, uh, which was primarily historical in nature. We did not rely on that information due the passage of time and lack of current relevance. So, Mr. Enriquez, based on the legal standards and evidence considered, we find that you do not pose an unreasonable risk to public safety and are suitable for parole today. Uh, there were some facts that aggravate RENE ENRIQUEZ H69471 5-6-2020 DECISION PAGE 1

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your risk, your criminal parole history in particular, you had early onset of criminality, started at about age 11 and you committed multiple crimes and crimes that escalated in seriousness and you had multiple parole violations. We also found your self-control throughout your criminal history and the life crimes to be an aggravating factor today. You were unable to control your behavior as a result of one or more of the following negative peer pressure. You associated with those who engaged in criminal gang and substance use and behavior. You responded to anger and impulsivity and a desire for power and control in antisocial ways. You perceived others to be a threat and acted preemptively to mitigate that threat. You were impulsive, failed to recognize or think of consequences in committing crimes and demonstrated exceptionally poor decision making. You were callous towards others and had a criminal attitude. However, we find that those factors aggravating your current risks are outweighed significantly today by factors that mitigate your current risk. We note the Comprehensive Risk Assessment determines you pose in low risk of future violence, which means you pose a non-elevated risk relative to other long-term offenders. So, that is a mitigating factor too as well as your programming is RENE ENRIQUEZ H69471 5-6-2020 DECISION PAGE 2

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mitigating. The risk factors identified in the risk assessment have mostly been addressed through active participation and completion of significant self-help programming. The decision, uh, through three years of therapy to help address your issues. You attended college and you've done significant work on your own today to address your character defects as evidenced by the writings, uh, your writings and book reports. Uh, and we do note also the remorse letters. They're not, uh, unfortunately, not permitted to send those to the victims directly. Uh, and so, that's why the victims, uh, um, weren't able to see those remorse letters, but we were able to see and read them and, uh, we also note that, uh, it's very clear that you took the Governor's concerns in the 4/12/19 reversal letter to heart and then you worked diligently in the intervening time to address those issues. So, again, programming as a mitigating factor. Your institutional behavior was found to be mitigating as well today. You've had no misconduct whatsoever in over 15 years and no violence in 23 years. Plus, you have demonstrated behaviors that goes above and beyond rule compliance by a meritorious behavior. Working as a youth mentor, providing training to law enforcement and testify in court to help law enforcement dismantle criminal RENE ENRIQUEZ H69471 5-6-2020 DECISION PAGE 3

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enterprises numerous times. We found your offend, offender change category, which is, uh, one of the critically important ones to be mitigating today. You've clearly demonstrated change. And the panel felt that you were open, honest and accepted full responsibility without minimizing in your testimony today. Panel thought you demonstrated deep insight into the causative factors of your crimes and also demonstrated good insight into how your antisocial personality disorder with narcissistic traits contributed to your gang and criminal behavior. You demonstrated humility, uh, in your testimony today, which is difficult for somebody with narcissistic traits and that you also demonstrate an acute awareness of the need to manage those personality traits. We note that you also have created several relapse prevention plans to manage those, uh, personality traits as well as, um, uh, substance abuse and, and gang criminal activity. Better than most, uh, Mr. Enriquez, you understand the danger to yourself and others from the Mexican Mafia and then you elected to help law enforcement through training and through testifying numerous times at great personal risk. Uh, and so, uh, that is reflective of real change. Uh, we also note that your age, at 57 years old and that you have demonstrated stable and prosocial behavior for RENE ENRIQUEZ H69471 5-6-2020 DECISION PAGE 4

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over 15 years, shows that your change is real and enduring, and you've clearly demonstrated that lengthy period of positive rehabilitation, which is the requirement under the law for suitability. We found the release plans to be mitigating today. You have concrete realistic parole plans addressing community stability factors. We note that you have several options for addressing the potential unique security concerns related to release to the community. You have stable housing, prospective employment, prosocial support, and again, those realistic, uh, relapse prevention plans to manage your risk factors. Commissioner Denvir.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: I'm going to add a couple of things, sir, but, uh, the chair at the, uh, Commissioner as the chair of the panel so he gives our panel decision and speaks for both of us in terms of, uh, our, our, our panel decision. Uh, but, uh, I wanted to add a couple of things. I agree fully with what he said, and I just wanted to add a couple of things, uh, because I was the person charged with looking at your institutional behavior and what you've done and what specifically has been done since the last hearing and, you know, we have a person in yourself that -- this made the decision to step away in 2002 from the Mexican Mafia prison gang that, um, 5-6-2020 RENE ENRIQUEZ H69471 DECISION PAGE 5

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I become acquainted with fairly well. Um, I've been with the Board about 15 years and actually was a, a Deputy District Attorney for a, a period before that. So, the work I've done with the Board of the last 15 years has been educational for me. I, I came in questioning if a person could really change fundamentally who they were and change the fabric of their beliefs and all those kinds of things. Uh, you know, I was a bit of a skeptic and, and I have to admit, um, over the course of my work with the Board, I have seen amazing changes with people. I mean, um, not to go on and on with this, but I've seen people who would just soon stick a shank in you as shake your hand and then many years later, they're at a facility, say CMC and they're taking care of dying inmates and, uh, in, disabled inmates and I mean helping them with activities of daily living and they're not doing it to impress the Board. They become different people. They really care deeply about the people that are living with. And, um, in you, there has been, as you yourself testified to from 2002 moving forward, it's a process and it took place, you know, you last used substances in '05. Usually the first that happens is, is, is the behavioral control and the behavioral change where you're not getting the 115's and you haven't gotten that since '05 and with you, in RENE ENRIQUEZ H69471 5-6-2020 DECISION PAGE 6

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addition to that, you know, the Mexican Mafia members that I have seen come before the Board, generally, when they're disassociating and, and debriefing, they do that. They, they know transparency is required and they give that. But after that, they want to go disappear and hide. Um, you know, obviously you've taken a much different path with respect to not only giving everything that you knew that was going on, but going on to putting yourself and your family a great, um, in great jeopardy by all the work you've done and I note the detail in the documents, all the testifying and, and Brian Perry details that over many, many years. Um, but I, I think, you know, we talked about your prior, um, reliance on drugs and alcohol as a coping mechanism. You've obviously had some big disappointments in these last few years and never has drug and alcohol been, uh, something you've fallen back to. You've been on this positive track for a long, long time. And with respect to the last, uh, three years, you talked about the additional work you did on empathy, remorse, in the area of sexual deviancy, the, the three years of therapy that you took, you worked on your belief system. So, you know, we're in a position of following the law. We're assessing, are you on an unreasonable risk of danger to the community at this time? That's the standard that RENE ENRIQUEZ H69471 5-6-2020 DECISION PAGE 7

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the law charges us with. Not answering the question of, you know, did you do some despicable things, which clearly you did back in the day and, and as you know, from listening to your victims and, from listening to victim's family, their pain is real and it's deep and they feel it every day. And I'm happy to hear you say, you know, I can never give enough. And I, I say that to people because I've heard many people say I'll gladly give my life for my victim. But my counter to that is always you can give your life, you look for opportunities for the rest of your life to help other people. And what counts the most is the small ways. Like you said, you know, it fed into your narcissism to be the, the guy up on the, on the witness stand testifying as this expert. It's the small ways where no one's aware of it, but you and that person and you know, just their gratitude and, and their having to humble themselves to ris-- to accept the help you offer sometimes. It's, there's a satisfaction and a happiness that all the drugs and alcohol and fame and fortune could never give to you. So, I really see you as on that path, sir, and I hope that is a path you continue on for the rest of your life, looking for opportunities to better the lives of others because there's a lot of need out there. And you know, and again, it, it's never enough because you RENE ENRIQUEZ H69471 5-6-2020 DECISION PAGE 8

can never give enough to the victim's family that, you know, that, that's a pain that will never end. So, um, I, I undoubtedly have gone longer than I intended to, but, uh, I wanted to make that point, um, with respect to your work since the last hearing has been consistent and it's been very positive and continuing to address what you recognize or character defects that you'll have to bear the rest of your life. And, and so, with that I'm going to go ahead and defer back to the chair and wish you the best.

INMATE ENRIQUEZ: Thank you.

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PRESIDING COMMISSIONER LONG: Thank you. So, Mr. Enriquez, once again, based on these findings, we conclude that you do not pose an unreasonable risk, uh, to public safety at the current time and accordingly, we find you suitable for parole. As you know, our decision is not final, will be reviewed by the board for up to 120 days followed by review by the Governor for up to an additional 30 days. You'll be notified in writing if there are any changes to this decision. Mr. Enriquez, when you are released from prison, you'll be subject to all general conditions of parole required by law as well as any special conditions of parole imposed by the Division of Adult Parole Operations. In addition, this panel orders RENE ENRIQUEZ H69471 5-6-2020 DECISION PAGE 9

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the following special conditions of parole. We order that you participate in a transitional housing program. We order you to not possess or consume alcohol, that you submit to random testing for alcohol. Do not enter an establishment where you know, reasonably should know the sale or conception of alcohol is that establishment's primary source of business. That would include bars and liquor stores. We order that you submit to random antinarcotics testing, including marijuana. Do not possess or consume controlled substances or marijuana or THC in any form. And that you participate in substance abuse and alcohol relapse prevention program. Lastly, we order you to not actively participate in, promote further or assist any prison gang disruptive group or criminal street gang activity. We order you to not associate with any prison gang disruptive group or criminal street gang members without prior written approval from your Parole Agent. And that you do not wear or carry any gang colors or any signs <inaudible> paraphernalia associated with gang activity. I want to thank everybody for their time and their patience today and for bearing with the technical difficulties that we had. And, uh, so, that will conclude the hearing. The hearing is now adjourned. The time is 13:13.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DENVIR: We are off the record.

RENE ENRIQUEZ H69471 5-6-2020 DECISION PAGE 10

ADJOURNMENT

2	THIS TRANSCRIPT CONTAINS THE PROPOSED DECISION OF THE
3	BOARD OF PAROLE HEARINGS (BOARD) ANNOUNCED AT YOUR RECENT
4	BOARD HEARING AND IS PROVIDED TO YOU IN COMPLIANCE WITH
5	PENAL CODE SECTION 3041.5, SUBDIVISION (A)(4), AND
6	CALIFORNIA CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 15, SECTION 2254.
7	THIS PROPOSED DECISION WILL BECOME FINAL WITHIN 120 DAYS
8	OF THE DATE OF THE HEARING AS REQUIRED BY PENAL CODE
9	SECTION 3041, SUBDIVISION (B), UNLESS THE BOARD NOTIFIES
10	YOU IN WRITING BEFORE THEN THAT THE PROPOSED DECISION HAS
11	BEEN MODIFIED, VACATED OR REFERRED TO THE FULL BOARD,
12	SITTING EN BANC, DUE TO AN ERROR OF LAW, ERROR OF FACT OR
13	NEW INFORMATION PURSUANT TO CALIFORNIA CODE OF
14	REGULATIONS, TITLE 15, SECTION 2042. THEREAFTER, THE
15	GOVERNOR HAS AUTHORITY TO REVIEW THE BOARD'S DECISION AND
16	AFFIRM, MODIFY, OR REVERSE IT PURSUANT TO PENAL CODE
17	SECTIONS 3041.1 AND 3041.2.
18	

RENE ENRIQUEZ H69471 5-6-2020 DECISION PAGE 11

CERTIFICATE AND DECLARATION OF TRANSCRIBER

I, Celina Thyra, am a disinterested party, and have no interest in the outcome of the hearing. Further, I certify this transcript is a true, complete, and accurate record, to the best of my ability, of the recorded material provided for transcription of proceeding for:

In the matter of the Parole CDC Number: **H69471** Consideration Hearing of:

RENE OLMOS ENRIQUEZ

IRONWOOD STATE PRISON

BLYTHE, CALIFORNIA

05/06/2020

8:33 AM

Signed: Celina Thyra

Transcribed by: Celina Thyra

Conduit Transcriptions

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Exhibit - 3

INDETERMINATE SENTENCE PAROLE RELEASE REVIEW

(Penal Code Section 3041.2)

RENE ENRIQUEZ, H-69471 Second Degree Murder	
AFFIRM:	
MODIFY:	
REVERSE:	<u>X</u>

STATEMENT OF FACTS

In 1985, while serving a prior prison term, Rene Enriquez joined the Mexican Mafia and eventually became a high-ranking member. While on parole in 1989, Mr. Enriquez committed a series of crimes over three days. In the first incident, Mr. Enriquez ordered his crime partner to kill a drug dealer who he suspected was stealing from him. The crime partner took the victim to a remote area and fatally shot her. In the second incident, the Mexican Mafia placed a contract on the victim's life. Mr. Enriquez and his crime partner overdosed the victim with heroin and then drove the victim to a remote area where Mr. Enriquez fatally shot him. In the third incident, Mr. Enriquez, while serving a prison sentence, attempted to carry out another contract murder ordered by the Mexican Mafia. Mr. Enriquez, his crime partner, and the victim were handcuffed in an attorney conference room. Mr. Enriquez and his crime partner freed themselves and stabbed the victim 26 times; he survived his injuries.

DECISION

I acknowledge Mr. Enriquez has made efforts to improve himself in prison. Mr. Enriquez has participated in self-help programming, including Criminals and Gangmembers Anonymous, Victim Awareness, and Criminal and Addictive Thinking and earned his GED. Since debriefing from the Mexican Mafia, Mr. Enriquez has assisted law enforcement with gang training, investigations, and has testified against gang members. Mr. Enriquez has been commended by law enforcement officers and prosecutors for his efforts. I commend Mr. Enriquez for taking these positive steps. However, these factors are outweighed by negative factors that demonstrate he remains unsuitable for parole at this time.

Mr. Enriquez has an extensive history of violent and sexually violent behavior both in and out of custody. He has personally engaged in a range of criminal activities, including but not limited to several armed robberies, gang rape and

Rene Enriquez, H-69471 Second Degree Murder Page 2

sodomy of a young woman, sexual assault against another inmate, and multiple murders and assaults. As a high-ranking member of the Mexican Mafia, Mr. Enriquez also ordered attacks on other gang members, manufactured and distributed weapons, trafficked drugs, and recruited and trained new members. Mr. Enriquez's violent conduct for his personal gain continued until he began assisting law enforcement, which resulted in favorable treatment.

I acknowledge that Mr. Enriquez has not been disciplined for misconduct since debriefing from the Mexican Mafia, however I believe that Mr. Enriquez's extensive history of violent and manipulative behavior elevates his current risk level. The psychologist who evaluated Mr. Enriquez acknowledged that he has made prosocial changes but noted that because of Mr. Enriquez's "ingrained patterns of antisocial and narcissistic thinking and behavior. . . some of the prosocial changes he has made may not have been altruistic." The psychologist also concluded that Mr. Enriquez "tends to present as a 'smooth talker' who is facile with communication. He is bright and has adequate resources to research what he believes is expected of him and address the issues the parole board and the governor have raised in the past." Mr. Enriquez must do more to demonstrate that his desistence from misconduct represents an authentic and enduring transformation in thought and conduct, and not merely an attempt to game the system for his needs.

The psychologist identified several of Mr. Enriquez's current risk factors for violence including "significant personality disorder traits, substance abuse issues, extremely negative/violent attitudes, involvement with antisocial individuals, and limited insight into these issues." Additionally, the psychologist categorized Mr. Enriquez as representing an above-average risk of sexual offense reconviction. Notably, the psychologist concluded that, despite the mitigating factors of Mr. Enriquez's age and the absence of information that Mr. Enriquez has sexually offended for more than 30 years, this categorization only "slightly" overstates his current risk level.

I encourage Mr. Enriquez to continue his efforts in rehabilitation. In light of his current risk factors, he must show additional progress before he can be released without undue risk to public safety.

Rene Enriquez, H-69471 Second Degree Murder Page 3

CONCLUSION

I have considered the evidence in the record that is relevant to whether Mr. Enriquez is currently dangerous. When considered as a whole, I find the evidence shows that he currently poses an unreasonable danger to society if released from prison at this time. Therefore, I reverse the decision to parole Mr. Enriquez.

Decision Date: September 18, 2020

GAVIN NEWSOM

Governor, State of California

DECLARATION OF SERVICE BY U.S. MAIL

Case Name: In re Rene Enriquez

CsaNo.: **BH013600**

I declare:

I am employed in the Office of the Attorney General, which is the office of a member of the California State Bar, at which member's direction this service is made. I am 18 years of age or older and not a party to this matter. I am familiar with the business practice at the Office of the Attorney General for collection and processing of correspondence for mailing with the United States Postal Service. In accordance with that practice, correspondence placed in the internal mail collection system at the Office of the Attorney General is deposited with the United States Postal Service with postage thereon fully prepaid that same day in the ordinary course of business.

On July 28, 2021, I have caused to be mailed the attached

RETURN TO ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE; MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope in the internal mail collection system at the Office of the Attorney General at 300 South Spring Street, Suite 1702, Los Angeles, CA 90013, addressed as follows:

Jacob J. Hutt Prison Law Office 1917 Fifth Street Berkeley, CA 94710-1916 Attorney for Petitioner Rene Enriquez

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California and the United States of America the foregoing is true and correct and that this declaration was executed on <u>July 28</u>, <u>2021</u>, at Los Angeles, California.

J. Garcia	/s/ J. Garcia
Declarant	Signature

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